

5-12 Visual Arts Curriculum

Grades 5-12 Visual Arts Curriculum Committee

Curriculum Committee Chairperson
Jessica Hoormann, Administration Building, Curriculum and Instruction Specialist

Curriculum Developers
Abigail Birhanu
Aubrey Bildner
Anne Cota
Lauren Hippe
Doug Lillesve
Kerrien Sampson

5-12 Art Curriculum TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	2
District Mission Statement	3
District Vision	3
District Values	3
District Goals	4
Philosophical Foundations	5
Art Rationale and Philosophy	6
Scope and Sequence	10
5-12	
Appendix	373
Grade Level Expectations	

District Mission

The City of St. Charles School District will REACH, TEACH, and EMPOWER all students by providing a challenging, diverse, and innovative education.

District Vision

The City of St. Charles School District will be an educational leader recognized for high performance and academic excellence that prepares students to succeed in an ever-changing global society.

District Values

We, the City of St. Charles School District community of students, parents, staff, and patrons, value:

- High quality education for all students which includes:
 - Lifelong learning from early childhood through adult education
 - Rigorous learning experiences that challenge all students
 - Instruction that meets the needs of a diverse community
 - Respect for all
 - Real world, critical thinking and problem-solving skills to prepare students for the 21st Century
 - Developing caring, productive, and responsible citizens
 - Strong engagement of family and community
 - A safe, secure, and nurturing school environment
- Achievement through:
 - Celebration of individual success
 - Collaboration with parents and community stakeholders
 - Exploration, Innovation, and creativity
- High quality staff by:
 - Hiring and retaining highly qualified and invested employees
 - Providing professional development and collaboration focused on increasing student achievement
 - Empowering staff to use innovative resources and practices
- Informed decisions that are:
 - Student-centered
 - Focused on student achievement
 - Data Driven
 - · Considerate of all points of view
 - Fiscally responsible

District Goals

For planning purposes, five overarching goals have been developed. These goals are statements of the key functions of the school district.

1. Student Performance

- Develop and enhance the quality educational/instructional programs to improve student performance and enable students to meet their personal, academic, and career goals.
- 2. Highly qualified staff
 - Recruit, attract, develop, and retain highly qualified staff to carry out the District's mission, vision, goals, and objectives.
- 3. Facilities, Support, and Instructional Resource
 - Provide and maintain appropriate instructional resources, support services, and functional and safe facilities.
- 4. Parent and Community Involvement
 - Promote, facilitate and enhance parent, student, and community involvement in district educational programs.
- 5. Governance
 - Govern the district in an efficient and effective manner providing leadership and representation to benefit the students, staff, and patrons of the district.

School District Philosophical Foundations

Teachers in the School District of the City of St. Charles share in and ascribe to a philosophy that places children at the heart of the educational process. We feel that it is our professional responsibility to strive to be our best at all times and to maximize our efforts by ensuring that the following factors are present in our classrooms and our schools.

- 1. Learning is developed within the personal, physical, social, and intellectual contexts of the learner.
- 2. A strong educational program should provide developmental continuity.
- 3. The successful learner is motivated, strategic, knowledgeable, and interactive.
- 4. Children learn best when they have real purposes and can make connections to real life.
- 5. Effective learning is a combination of student exploration and teacher and mentor modeling.
- 6. Assessment is an ongoing and multidimensional process that is an integral part of instruction.
- 7. Making reading and writing connections across multiple sources and curricula facilitates meaning.
- 8. Literacy for the future means literacy in multiple technologies.
- 9. Education must respond to society's diverse population and serve all children.
- 10. Interactions among students, teachers, parents, and community form the network that supports learning.

Visual Art 5-12 Program Goals

Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.

Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).

Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.

Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.

Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.

5-12 Art Course Description

Visual Art 5

Fifth grade Visual Arts students will develop their skills at using a variety of media, techniques, and processes such as watercolor and printmaking. Students will communicate ideas on Fine Art subjects such as a landscape, Functional Art subjects such as an architectural style, and a Theme such as the United States. The Elements and Principles of Design will be explored as students discover ways to incorporate them into their artwork. Students will explore artistic perceptions such as describing the use of elements in an artwork, the connection of visual arts to other disciplines such as music, and artwork from historical or cultural contexts such as European paintings and architecture.

Visual Art 6

Sixth Grade Visual Arts will develop their skills at using a variety of media, techniques and processes such as clay and fibers. Students will communicate ideas on Fine Art subjects such as a portrait, Functional Art subjects such as illustrating text, and a Theme such as personal identity. The Elements and Principles of Deswell be explores as students discover ways to incorporate them into their artwork. Students will explore artistic perceptions such as different concepts of beauty, the connection of visual arts to other disciplines such as music, and artwork from historical or cultural contexts such as Africa and Asia.

Visual Art 7 and 8

This class will review & build on skills & concepts covered in Visual Art 7. Students draw, paint, sculpt in metal and clay, & create graphic designs in a variety of media. Students will focus on development in the areas of art making, history & criticism. Each unit is designed to give the opportunity to create an original work of art as they reflect on art & artists of the past & present.

INTRODUCTION TO ART 1

This course is a foundation for the advanced courses in the art department. Its purpose is to expose the stud ent to basic art concepts and processes. Units of study include Introduction to Art and Aesthetics, Line, Shap e, Form, Value and Color, Space, and Texture and Movement.

INTRODUCTION TO ART 2

This course is a continuation of Introduction to Art 1 and includes units of study in Composition and Design, Interpretation, Analysis and criticism, Two-Dimensional Media and Three Dimensional Media.

PHOTOGRAPHY

Students will study digital photography as an art form, as well as photojournalism. They will learn the technical skills necessary to successfully use DSLR cameras. Students will learn to produce photos that have proper exposure and composition.

CERAMICS/SCULPTURE

This course includes an exploration of basic sculptural and ceramic techniques, with an emphasis on design and sculptural composition. A wide variety of materials and techniques including plaster, wood, metal, clay and mixed media are included in study units relating to sculpture.

DRAWING/PAINTING

Experiences with various drawing and painting media such as pencil, conte, chalk, pen and ink, watercolor and acrylic are included in this course with an emphasis on

technique. Subject matter includes figure, portraits, landscape and still life. Most projects will be realistic in style

CREATIVE GRAPHIC DESIGN

The field of graphic design ranges from animation to advertising, game design to illustration. Graphic designers produce ideas and experiences with images, text and graphics, and all of these topics will be covered in this course. Students will learn how to use design elements and composition in creating digital artwork with

programs and applications. Visual communication will be explored by studying the power of color, the impact of lettering, and the importance of design.

AP STUDIO ART

This is an intense one to two-

year program taken the junior and senior year for those who are serious in continuing their education in the f ield of art. The AP course will build a professional portfolio over the course of the program. Enhancing the quality of student work, developing a concentration based on a

visual interest, and increasing the breadth of experiences in visual art are the goals of the class. Class size will be limited to allow the teacher and students to work in close cooperation as college credit for AP Studio Art is based upon submission of a portfolio for evaluation.

5-12 Art Rationale

The rationale for Visual Arts in the St. Charles School District is to provide an intellectual, emotional, and historical understanding of art. By exposing students to different media, concepts and art history they will make formal and informal judgments about art and its importance in our society and afferent global cultures, in the tactile environment of the visual art class, the students build their visual/spatial abilities, learn problem-solving skills and discover how to express themselves visually. As art is creative and individualistic, students gain tolerance and respect for a diversity of expression among cultures and also for the variety of solution possible for given problems.

Scope and Sequence

K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	o to Artintr	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio	Photography	AP Art History I
I. Creative Expression/Production															
A. Problem Solving 1. Choose a medium to best express an idea that emphasizes skill refinement and control.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	E	E	E	E		
2. Demonstrates proper use, control, and maintenance of tools and media.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	Е	R	R	Е	Е	R	
3. Recognize that the making of art requires thought, knowledge and research.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	Е	R	R	Е	Е	R	Е
Identify problems encountered while making art in a sequential order and develop possible solutions.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	R	E	E	R	
B. Forms/Media/Technique															
1. Drawing	IPP1A														
a. Use a variety of media and drawing techniques with control appropriate to age level.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	Е	R	E	Е	E		
b. Demonstrate craftsmanship in drawing through control of media and techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е		
2. Painting	IPP1B														
a. Use a variety of media and apply controlled painting and brush techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	R	Е		
b. Demonstrate craftsmanship in painting through control of media and techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	Е	Е	Е		

3. Digital/Computer Art	IPP1C														
a. Demonstrate control of computers as an															
art media or tool for creating digital															
images.			ı	R		- 1				Е				Е	
4. Other Media	IPP1D														
a. Use a printmaking process.		R	R				Е		R	Е				Е	
b. Fiber		R	R	R	R		Е				Е	Е			
c. Mixed Media	IPP1D	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	R	
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	ainting IIP/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio	Photography	AP Art History I
d. Show an awareness of photography,															
video and/or computer as art media or															
tools.		R	R	R	R	R		R		Е			Е	Е	
e. Demonstrate control of photographic															
processes.														I	
5. Sculpture, Ceramics, Other Media	IPP2A														
a. Control media and sculptural techniques to construct three dimensional art works.		R	R	R	R	R	Е				R	Е			
b. Use additive, subtractive, modeling, and/or assemblage processes for sculpture. (relief, in-the-round)		R	R	R	R	R	R				Ш	Ш			
C. Subject Matter and Themes in Artworks															
Identify and/or create subject matter in fine art:	IPP3A	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Ш	Е	Ш	Е	Е	Ш	Е
2. Identify and/or create functional art	IPP3B	R	R		R		Е			Е	Е	Е		Е	Е
3. Identify and/or create themes in art:	IPP3C	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е
II. Elements and Principles of Design															
A. Elements of Design															
1. Line	IIEP1A														

a. Identify and/or create different types and varieties of lines. (i.e., line direction,							_			_					_
straight, curved, width, length, etc.) b. Identify and/or create different descriptive lines. (i.e., contour, outline, expressive, gesture, etc.)		R R	R E	R R	R R	R R	R R	E	E	R R			E	Е	<u>Е</u> Е
c. Experiment with a variety of linear techniques. (i.e., hatching, cross-hatching, implied, etc.)		I	R	IX	R	R	R	E	E	R			E		
d. Use line expressively to communicate ideas.							R	R	R				Е		
2. Shape	IIEP1B														
a. Identify shapes as two dimensional.		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R
b. Identify and/or use basic geometric, organic, and free form shapes.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	R	Е	Е	R	E
c. Identify and/or create complex, expressive, and/or symbolic shapes. (i.e. people, animals, machines etc.)		I	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	E	R	Е	Е		E
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	reative Graphic C Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History I
d. Differentiate shapes through variations in color, value, texture, and/or line.			ı			I	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
e. Use shape expressively to communicate ideas.						_	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е		
3. Form	IIEP1C														
a. Recognize the differences between two dimensional and three dimensional works.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	Е	R	E	E	Е		Е
b. Identify and/or use basic geometric, organic, and free form forms.		R	R	R	E	R	R			R	Е	Е	Е	R	Е
c. Define the difference between an open and closed form.						Ι	R				Е	Е			E
d. Identify and/or create the illusion of															

e. Use form expressively to communicate ideas.						ı	ı				R	Е	Е		
4. Texture	IIEP1D														
a. Be aware of how various textures feel.		R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	
b. Recognize and describe differences in textures that are actual and implied.		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е
c. Create and use actual and/or implied textures.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	
d. Use texture expressively to communicate ideas.											-	R	Е		
5. Color	IIEP1E														
a. Identify and/or use primary, secondary, intermediate, and neutral colors.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	R	Е		Е
b. Recognize and be able to mix two colors to create a third color.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	R	R	Е		
c. Recognize and/or use different color schemes. (i.e., warm, cool, analogous, triad, complementary, etc.)		R	Е	Е	Е	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	R	Е		Е
d. Differentiate between and/or use color value and intensity.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	Е	Е	R	R	Е		R
e. Use color expressively to communicate ideas.		ı	R	R	R	_	R	R	R	R			Е	R	
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art	ld ArtWor	Painting I/Drawing ⊠	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History
6. Value	IIEP1F														
a. Identify and/or use light and dark values.			Е		R	R	R	Е	Е				Е	Е	R
b. Identify and demonstrate color value.			R			R	R								
c. Use a range of values to create contrast, shadows, or illusion of form.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е				Е	
d. Use value expressively to communicate ideas.						Ι	R	R	R	R			Е	I	
7. Space	IIEP1G														

a. Identify and/or use foreground, middle ground, and background to create illusion of space.		R	R		R	R	R	R	R					R	R
b. Recognize and use change of scale, placement on the page, and overlapping of shapes to create the illusion of depth on a picture plane.		R	R			R	R	R	R						R
c. Use systems of perspective to depict the illusion of depth. (i.e.,linear, atmospheric, etc.)		ı	R	R	R		R	R	Е					R	
d.Identify and/or use positive and negative shapes, space, or form.			R	R	R	_	R	R	R	R	Ш	Е		R	R
e. Use space expressively to communicate ideas.										I	R	E	Е	R	
B. Principles of Design															
1. Balance	IIEP2A														
a. Identify and/or use different types of balance in compositions. (i.e., radial, symmetrical(formal), approximate(informal), asymmetrical, etc.)		R	R	R	R	R	П	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	R
b. Use arrangements of elements to achieve compositional balance.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	R
c. Use balance expressively to communicate ideas.						Ι	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R	
2. Emphasis	IIEP2B														
a. Identify and/or use elements to create a center of interest.(focal point, contrast, convergence, isolation, location)		R	R	R		R	E	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History I
b. Use emphasis expressively to communicate ideas.						1	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	
3. Contrast	IIEP2C														

a. Identify and/or use elements and/or principles to create contrast in works of art. (color, value, balance, texture, size, line, shape)		R	R		R	R	E	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
b. Identify and/or use variation within elements or artwork to create contrast.			I			I	Е	R	R		R	R	Е	R	R
c. Use contrast expressively to communicate ideas.						1	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
4. Rhythm/Repetition (pattern)	IIEP2D														
a. Identify and/or use repetition to achieve patterns and/or rhythms. (alternating, repeating, progressive, complex, and regular)		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
b. Use a shape to develop an overall pattern.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е		
c. Use Rhythm expressively to support the communication of ideas.						1	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
5. Unity	IIEP2E														
a. Identify and/or create unity in art through the elements and/or principles.		R	R			R	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	R	R
b. Use unity expressively to support the communication of ideas.							Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
6. Proportion	IIEP2F														
a. Identify and/or use proportion in compositions. (scale, facial, figure)		R	R		R	R	Е	R	Е	R	R	R	Е	R	R
b. Use proportion expressively to support the communication of ideas.						1	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
*III. Criticism, Analysis, Evaluation, and Perceptions															
A. Aesthetics	IIIAP1A														
1. Discuss how perceptions in art relate to aesthetics and responses to artworks.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е

K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History I
B. Art Criticism	IIIAP2A														
Identify and/or describe the formal qualities in works of art		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	Е	Е	R	E
Analyze the formal qualities in works of art					T	R	R	R	Ε	R	R	Е	Е	R	Е
3. Interpret formal qualities and/or meaning in works of art (Expression, symbolism, personal reaction, message)		I	R	I	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	E	Е	R	E
4. Evaluate/judge the formal qualities in works of art based on accepted aesthetic theories of art (Imitationalism, Emotionalism/Expressionism, Formalism, Functionalism)			I	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	E	E	R	E
IV. Interdisciplinary Connections															
A. Connecting visual and performing arts	IVIC1A														
1. Explain connections between visual art and performing arts.		R	R	R		R	Е	R	R				Ш		Е
B. Connecting art and non-art subjects	IVIC2A														
1. Explain the connections between Visual Art and Communication Arts, Math, Science, or Social Studies(social ideas, contemporary events).		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	Е	Е	R	E	Е	Е	E
V. Cultural Heritage/History															
A. Historical Period or Culture	VHC1A											_			
Identify and discuss artworks from different cultures and/or locations											R	E			
a. United States		R		R	R		Е								Е
b. Europe		R		R		R	Е								Е
c. Native American					R		Е								Е

d. Africa			R				Е								Е
e. Latino							Е								Е
f. Asia			R				Е								Е
g. Pre-Columbian Americas (Aztec, Inca, Maya)			I		R		E								E
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	I AP Studio	Photography	AP Art History I
Identify and discuss artworks from different time periods and or/movements	VHC1A														
a. Prehistoric (cave art and others)							- 1						Е		Е
b. Ancient/Classical (Egypt, Greece, Rome)			R			R	I						Е		Е
c. Medieval													Е		Е
d. Renaissance and Baroque				- 1		R	I						Е		Е
e. Modern (Realism, Abstract, or Non- objective)		R	R	Е	R	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	Ε	E	Е	R	Е
f. Post-Modern and Contemporary				_	R	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	R	Е
B. Characteristics of Artwork from different time periods and/or cultures	VHC1B														
1. Compare and contrast artworks from different time periods and/or cultures (time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, material/technology, ideas and beliefs of culture, function of art in culture/society)		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Describe the evolution of an artist's body of work				Ī	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	E



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art UNIT TITLE: Drawing Media, Techniques, and Processes

COURSE: Art 5 UNIT DURATION: 2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESO	DURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Drawing paper Drawing pencils, erasers, b Colored pencils Markers Chalk pastels Oil Pastels Visual examples Student art/architecture re 		 Various traditional drawing media, technic the elements and principles of art and substantists and designers as they seek to commart problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning engage people in a personal response. 	oject matters are nunicate ideas a	available for nd solve visual
 breaking with traditions in Creativity and innovative the developed. Engagement with the arts of appreciation of self, others environments. 	e artistic investigations, following or pursuit of creative art-making goals. In a can lead to understanding and the natural world, and constructed	How does knowing the contexts, histories us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from estable How do life experiences influence the way. How does learning about art impact how. What can we learn from our responses to	lished traditions y you relate to an we perceive the art?	rt?
			•	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1A, PP3A, Creating	g: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, a	and processes to communicate ideas and solve	X	

challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communicate ideas about subject matter and theme in

PP3B	artworks created for various purposes (PP3)		
DESE GLE: EP1A, EP1C, EP1D, EP2C, EP2F	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)	Х	
NCAS: Re7.1, Re7.2, Re8.1, Re9.1	Responding: Perceive and analyze artistic work (NCAS: Re7); Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work (NCAS: Re8); Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work (NCAS: Re9)	х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Pr	inciples of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connec	ting
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP: DESE GLE EP1.	,, PP3A, PP3B A, EP1C, EP1D, EP2C, EP2F RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	5	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
processes, as well a principles of art an used to communica art problems.	g media, techniques, and as the elements and d subject matters, can be ate ideas and solve visual ang and engages people in e.	 Still life Contour lines Illusion of form: cube, sphere, cylinder, cone Interpreting art/architecture Architecture and elements of architectural styles (e.g. type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp) Implied or simulated texture Texture contrast 	 Create a still life that shows the illusion of form (PP3A) Use contour lines (EP1A) Use an illusion of form: cube, sphere, cylinder, cone (EP1C) Interpret art/architecture (RE7.1, RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1) Create an original building based upon elements of architectural styles (e.g. type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp) (PP3B)

FACILITATING ACT	Relative size (realistic scale) FIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH FIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND ME	 Create texture or surface quality using any drawing media (PP1A) Use implied or simulated textures (EP1D) Use texture contrast (EP2C) Use relative size (realistic scale) (EP2F)
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/architecture Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a still life that shows the illusion of form using contour lines Make observations about the meaning or purpose of a building using a reference, such as 13 Buildings Children Should Know by Annette Roeder, and compare with a partner or the class Observe a building and discuss its suggested cultural associations Discuss how architects convey a building's purpose or mood Discuss two different buildings and the different criteria that might be used to evaluate them Create an original building design with implied texture, texture contrast, and relative size Learn about subject matters, drawing techniques, and design concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based 	1, 2, 3, 4

	setting http://teachingforartis to help with generatin creating original art		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Social Studies: Artworks and architecture reflect the culture in which they were created	 Everyday objects Architecture in the corprior knowledge 	mmunity or from	 What are some common objects that can be found in a home or at school, such as objects we might place on a table? How could these objects be grouped? How could they be chosen to express an idea or tell a story? How can architecture reflect the culture in which it was created? How can it be designed to function well for its intended occupants and purpose? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept? Class discussions Written responses 		Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?				
Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4		
HOW W	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LI	EARNED?		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4		



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Painting Media, Techniques, and Processes	
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1- 2 weeks	

		1		
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Painting paper Paint Brushes Tempera Paint Mixing trays Watercolor paint Visual examples 		 Various traditional painting media, techn the elements and principles of art and su artists and designers as they seek to com art problems. 	bject matters are	available for
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
breaking with tra	ers shape artistic investigations, following or ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. ovative thinking are essential life skills that can	 How does knowing the contexts, histories us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from establishment 		·
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI	T?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDAPDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS. Content specific stands	arus that will be addressed in this dilit.	STANDARD	STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1B, PP3A	Creating: Select and apply 2-D media, techniques, challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communica artworks created for various purposes (PP3)	·	X	
DESE GLE: EP1E, EP1G, EP2A	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)	and principles of art for their effect in	Х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	C: DESE GLE PP1B, PP3A
	EP: DESE GLE EP1E, EP1G, EP2A

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.	 Landscape Asymmetrical (informal) balance Converging lines Illusion of space Horizon line Watercolor paint Color wheel Intermediate and neutral colors Tempera paint Hard edge painting 	 Create an original outdoor scene to show the illusion of space (PP3A) Use asymmetrical (informal) balance (EP2A) Use converging lines to create the illusion of space (EP1G) Use a single horizon line (EP1G) Apply layers of watercolor paint from lightest to darkest colors (PP1B) Identify the arrangement of colors on a colowheel (EP1E) Mix a variety of hues to create new colors (PP1B) Use intermediate and neutral colors (EP1E) Using tempera paints produce a sharp, clear edge between areas of color (PP1B)
FACILITATING ACTI	VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	HING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Demonstrate techniques and processes 	 Create an original outdoor scene using 	2, 3, 4
 Provide visual examples 	asymmetrical balance, converging lines	
 Facilitate discussions about creating the 	to create the illusion of space, a single	
illusion of space and utilizing and creating	horizon line, and watercolor paint.	
colors	 Identify intermediate and neutral colors 	
 Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping 	and the arrangement of colors on the	
guide students through the process of	color wheel. Using tempera paint mix a	
creating	variety of hues to create new colors to	
	use in an original painting using a sharp,	
	clear edge between areas of color.	
	 Learn about subject matters, painting 	
	techniques, and design concepts during	
	demonstrations as part of a TAB/Choice-	
	Based setting to help with generating	
	ideas and creating original art	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Science: Spatial Perceptions	 Landscape Other ways of creating the illusion of space (e.g. overlapping, size changes, faded background) Primary colors Secondary colors 	 What types of landscapes have students seen? How does the size of your hand, held up in front of you, compare with objects in the distance? How would they compare if they were side by side? How can this concept be applied to roads that are painted going off into the distance? What can a color wheel tell us? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?

ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR	DOK TARGET
		SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Does the student's artwork show an understar	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative	2, 3, 4
concept?		Formanting	
Class discussions		Formative	
HOV	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide additional examples,	Additional practice, pos	sibly "chunking"	2, 3, 4
demonstrations, check for understanding	information into smalle	tasks	
and answer any questions, give students			
opportunities to work through difficulties			
they may experience			
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/En	richments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING		TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life	Combine knowledge with	h personal art	3, 4
experiences with their art	goals to generate a new	art idea	
Give students space and time to experiment	 Try a new approach to ι 	ising the art	
and take risks with their art-making	concept in a work of art	, possibly	

breaking from tradition	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Printmaking Media, Techniques, and Processes	
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1 class - 2 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Styrofoam Subtracting tool (Markers Tempera Paint Brayers Visual examples 	e.g. pencil)	 Various traditional printmaking media, tec as the elements and principles of art and s artists and designers as they seek to comm art problems. 	ubject matters a	are available for
ENDURING UNDERSTAND Artists and design	INGS: ers shape artistic investigations, following or	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories,	and traditions o	of art forms help
	ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.	us create works of art and design?		
 Creativity and inn be developed. 	ovative thinking are essential life skills that can	Why do artists follow or break from establ	ished traditions	?
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1D Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1)		Х		

REFERENCES/STANDARDS • C: DESE GLE PP1D i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Demonstrate a subtractive printmaking process (e.g. styrofoam, linoleum, wood, eraser) to produce multiple images (PP1D) NG AND LEARNING	
 Traditional printmaking media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. FACILITATING ACTION	 Subtractive printmaking Printing plate Prints IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about the process of reproducing images through printmaking. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating. 	 Press a drawing into a styrofoam printing plate. Use plate to print multiple images. Learn about printmaking skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	2, 3, 4	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math: Creating mathematical patterns	StampingSymmetryPatterns		 If printing creates a mirror image of the plate, how do words need to start on a plate in order to print legibly? Why might an artist want to create a series of the same artwork? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understar concept? Class discussions 	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative	2, 3, 4
ном	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	ITS HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?
	Possible Interver	ntions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide additional examples,	Additional practice, possibly "chunking"		2, 3, 4
demonstrations, check for understanding	information into smaller tasks		

and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience		
	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



• Papier-mâché materials

CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks

engage people in a personal response.

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):	
• Clay	Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques,	
Clay tools	and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject	
Glaze	matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to	
Paint brushes	communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.	
• Kiln	The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and	

- Construction paper
- Scissors
- Glue
- Tape
- Visual examples

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
- Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.
- Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design?
- Why do artists follow or break from established traditions?
- How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art?
- How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world?
- What can we learn from our responses to art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP2A	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP2)	X	
DESE GLE: AP1A	Responding: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1)	Х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	C: DESE GLE PP2A	
	PRC: DESE GLE AP1A	

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS				
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Traditional 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 	 Form Sculpture in-the-round Scoring Slipping Slip Real texture Modeling Coils IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	 Combine simple forms to create a complex/form (in-the-round) (PP2A) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits (PP2A) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil technique (PP2A) Discuss and develop answers to questions about art such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? (AP1A) 		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a clay bust starting with a cylinder and molding/adding simple forms to create a complex, in-the-round object/form. Create an object (e.g. model for a building) using paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits. Learn about a ceramic artist (e.g. Maria 	2, 3, 4		

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION • History: Artifacts give us information about	 such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? Form a pot using the coil technique. Learn about sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS 		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS • How is sculpture in-the-round different from
past civilizations (e.g. pottery)	 Modeling with clay Pinch pot Paper folding techniques Building with layered materials 		relief sculpture? What are some different overall forms that a clay pot can be shaped into (e.g. straight, rounded)? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understan concept? 	ding of the assessed skill or	Summative	1, 2, 3, 4

Class discussions	Formative	
Written responses	Summative	
ном	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LE	ARNED?
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	demonstrations, check for understanding information into smaller tasks and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties	
How w	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY	LEARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art

COURSE: Art 5

UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes

UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Clay
- Clay tools
- Glaze
- Paint brushes
- Kiln
- Papier-mâché materials
- Construction paper
- Scissors
- Glue
- Tape
- Visual examples

BIG IDEA(S):

- Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.
- The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response.

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
- Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.
- Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design?
- Why do artists follow or break from established traditions?
- How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art?
- How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world?
- What can we learn from our responses to art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP2A	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP2)	Х	
DESE GLE: AP1A	Responding: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1)	Х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	C: DESE GLE PP2APRC: DESE GLE AP1	IA	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths the topic; ideas that transfer		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
used to communicate art problems.	•	 Form Sculpture in-the-round Scoring Slipping Slip Real texture Modeling Coils 	 Combine simple forms to create a complex/form (in-the-round) (PP2A) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits (PP2A) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil technique (PP2A) Discuss and develop answers to questions about art such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? (AP1A)

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a clay bust starting with a cylinder and molding/adding simple forms to create a complex, in-the-round object/form. Create an object (e.g. model for a building) using paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits. Learn about a ceramic artist (e.g. Maria Martinez who used the coil technique to form her pots) and respond to questions such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? Form a pot using the coil technique. Learn about sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
History: Artifacts give us information about past civilizations (e.g. pottery)	 Modeling with clay Pinch pot Paper folding techniques Building with layered materials 	 How is sculpture in-the-round different from relief sculpture? What are some different overall forms that a clay pot can be shaped into (e.g. straight,

НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	DENTS HAVE LEARN	rounded)? • How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	concept? Class discussions		1, 2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	IG TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, point information into small 	er tasks	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW W	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/E		EARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Themes in Art Techniques and Processes
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1 - 2 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Materials for communicating an idea about a theme (e.g. drawing, painting) Visual examples Student reference sources 	 Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas about a theme. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed 	 How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art? How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world? What can we learn from our responses to art?

environments.			
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
DEFENSACE (CTANDARD	CTANDADDC: Courtest on a if a standards that will be addressed in this suit	BAA LOD	CURRORTING
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP3C	Creating: Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks for various purposes (PP3)	Х	
DESE GLE: EP1	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1)	Х	
NCAS: Pr4, Pr5, Pr6,	Presenting: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation (Pr4); Develop and refine	Х	
Cn10, Cn11	artistic techniques and work for presentation (Pr5); Convey meaning through the presentation of		
DESE GLE: AP2	artistic work (Pr6)		
	Responding: Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary (AP2)		
	Connecting: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art (Cn10); Relate		
	artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical content to deepen understanding (Cn11)		

Creating; Elements and Principles of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
C: DESE GLE PP3C		
EP: DESE GLE EP1B		
PRC: DESE AP2A; NCAS PR4, PR5, PR6, CN10, CN11		
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		

UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 	 Theme Communicating an idea Symbolic shapes Curator Art museum Contour lines, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance, contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view 	 Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the following themes: United States, Patriotism, World, Time (e.g. past, present, future) (PP3C) Use symbolic shapes (EP1B) Define the roles and responsibilities of a curator, explaining the skills and knowledge needed in preserving, maintaining, and presenting objects, artifacts, and artwork (Pr4.1) Develop a logical argument for safe and effective use of materials and techniques for preparing and presenting artwork (Pr5.1) Cite evidence about how an exhibition in a museum or other venue presents ideas and provides information about a specific concept or topic. (Pr6.1) Describe the use of the following in artworks: Contour lines, symbolic shapes, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance, contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view (AP2A) Apply formal and conceptual vocabularies of art and design to view surroundings in new ways through artmaking (Cn10.1)

		 Identify how art is used to inform or change beliefs, values, or behaviors of an individual or society (Cn11.1)
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Facilitate discussions and guide students through the process of creating artwork that communicates an idea about a theme Provide visual examples Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Discuss the process of presenting: Using a group of artwork (e.g. SLAM website, The Art of Freedom by Bob Raczka) discuss the roles and responsibilities of a curator Discuss the safe and effective use of materials and techniques for preparing and presenting artwork Discuss how an exhibition presents ideas and information about a specific concept or topic Practice the process of connecting: Using a variety of images as reference (e.g. the Art of Freedom by Bob Raczka) describe the use of the following in artworks: contour 	1, 2, 3, 4
	lines, symbolic shapes, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance,	
	contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view	

	 Practice viewing surroundings in a new way by applying art concepts. Create an original artwork that communicates an idea about the United States, Patriotism, the World, or Time (e.g. past, present, future) using symbolic shapes or other relevant art concepts Discuss an artwork that has informed or created change for an individual or society (e.g. American art that expresses patriotism) Learn about themes and communication skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Social studies: United States, Patriotism, the World, Time (past, present, future)	Symbolic shapesMuseum	 How is artwork chosen to be grouped together in a museum or book? How have artists expressed their ideas about America? How can symbolic shapes be used to communicate an idea? How can artwork inform or create change for an individual or society? What ideas would the students likes to express about the theme? How can they get

			their ideas across in a visual way?		
н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?		
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	N	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
concept? • Class discussions	concept?		1, 2, 3, 4		
Written responses		Summative			
HOW	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?		
	Possible Interven	tions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, posinformation into smalle 		1, 2, 3, 4		
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,		

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art UNIT TITLE: Process of creating

COURSE: Art 5 UNIT DURATION: 8-10 weeks; shorter if integrating into whole-class projects

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Materials being used for project if integrating into whole-class learning activity
- Variety of media if using TAB/Choice-Based Art setting
 - O Drawing (e.g. drawing pencils, colored pencils, markers, pastels, drawing paper)
 - Painting (e.g. tempera paint, watercolor paint, brushes, painting paper)
 - O Printmaking (e.g. gel plates, tempera paint, brayers, stamps)
 - O Fiber Arts (e.g. string, yarn, fabric, looms)
 - O Collage (e.g. construction paper, scissors, glue)
 - O Sculpture (e.g. cardboard, pipe cleaners, wood, glue, tape)
 - O Digital arts (e.g. chromebooks)

BIG IDEA(S):

- A student involved in the creative process (NCAS):
 - O Imagines a mental image or concept
 - O Investigates and studies through exploration or examination
 - O Constructs a product by combining or arranging a series of elements
 - O Reflects and thinks deeply about his or her work
- Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

• Practicing the process of creating can help students gain skill at

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

• What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and

communicating ideas and solving visual art problems. The process includes these principles (NCAS):

- O Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.
- Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
- O Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches.
- Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks.
- O People create and interact with objects, places, and design that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives.
- Artist and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.

- innovative thinking? What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks? How does collaboration expand the creative process?
- How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do artists determine what resources and criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations?
- How do artists work? How do artists and designers determine whether a particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and designers learn from trial and error?
- How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment? Why is it important for safety and health to understand and follow correct procedures in handling materials, tools, and equipment?
 What responsibilities come with the freedom to create?
- How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities? How do artists and designers determine goals for designing or redesigning objects, places, or systems? How do artists and designers create works of art or design that effectively communicate?
- What role does persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work? How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it more completely?

	completely:			
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?			
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING	
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD	
NCAS: Cr1, Cr2, Cr3	Creating: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work (Cr1); Organize and develop artistic ideas and work (Cr2); Refine and complete artistic work (Cr3)	Х		

OBJECTIVES	Creating					
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• C: NCAS Cr1.1, Cr	1.2, Cr2.1, Cr2.2, Cr2.3, Cr3.1				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?			
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products			
 Artists and designed investigations, follow traditions in pursuit goals. Artists and designed forms, structures, remedia, and art-maled Artists and designed experimentation are responsibility whiled creating artworks. People create and in places, and designed enhance, and empode Artist and designed through practice are 	that can be developed. Its shape artistic bwing or breaking with t of creative art-making Its experiment with materials, concepts, king approaches. Its balance and safety, freedom and the developing and Interact with objects, that define, shape,	 Original idea Thumbnail sketch Traditional media (e.g. pencil, paint), techniques (e.g. stippling, blending), processes (e.g. stitching fabric, pulling a print), as well as the elements and principles of art (e.g. color, balance), and subject matters (e.g. still life, landscape) Artist statement 	 Combine ideas to generate an innovative idea for art-making (NCAS:Cr1.1) Identify and demonstrate diverse methods of artistic investigation (inquiry and exploration) to choose an approach for beginning a work of art (NCAS: Cr1.2) Experiment and develop skills in multiple art-making techniques and approaches through practice (NCAS: Cr2.1) Demonstrate quality craftsmanship through care for and use of materials, tools, and equipment (NCAS: Cr2.2) Identify, describe, and visually document places and/or objects of personal significance (NCAS: Cr2.3) Create artist statements using art vocabulary to describe personal choices in art-making (NCAS: Cr3.1) 			

FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,		
		4=Extended Thinking)		
Demonstrate techniques and processes	Practice the process of creating in a	2, 3, 4		
 Provide visual examples 	Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/			
 Facilitate discussions about the creative 	choice-based setting			
process	http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/			
 Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping 	or whole-class activity with flexibilty on			
guide students through the process of	the choice spectrum			
creating	https://www.theartofed.com/2014/12/1			
	9/where-are-you-on-the-choice-			
	spectrum/			
	 From a discussion, list, or inspiration 			
	board combine two or more ideas into			
	an innovative idea to guide an artwork			
	 Discuss and practice methods for 			
	approaching a new work of art (e.g.			
	research, thumbnail sketches)			
	 Explore and develop skills in multiple 			
	TAB studios (e.g. drawing, painting, fiber arts)			
	 Learn about and use care when using 			
	materials, tools, and equipment			
	 Use places and/or objects of personal 			
	significance in an artwork			
	Create student generated and refined			
	original works of art			
	Reflect on original artwork, describing			
	personal choices			

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Students may choose to communicate ideas about other disciplines as part of their artistic goal (e.g. music, sports, current events or culture) Students may choose to communicate ideas about other disciplines as part of their artistic goal (e.g. music, sports, current events or culture)	 Places and/or subjects significance Prior experience with ticreating 	of personal	 Where do ideas for creating art come from? How can skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? How does an artist decide on a medium, technique, process, element or principle, subject matter, or theme to help meet their artistic goals? How do artists reflect on their work? How can a reflection help inform the next artistic goal?
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	ding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4
	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Drawing Media, Techniques, and Processes	
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 2 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Drawing paper	Various traditional drawing media, techniques, and processes, as well as

Drawing pencils, erasers, blending stumps	the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for
Colored pencils	artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual
 Markers 	art problems.
Chalk pastels	The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and
Oil Pastels	engage people in a personal response.
Visual examples	
Student portrait reference sources	

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
- Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.
- Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design?
- Why do artists follow or break from established traditions?
- How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art?
- How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world?
- What can we learn from our responses to art?
- How does art preserve aspects of life?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1A, PP3A,	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve	Х	
PP3B	challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communicate ideas about subject matter and theme in		
	artworks created for various purposes (PP3)		
DESE GLE: EP1A, EP1B,	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in	Х	
EP1G, EP2C, EP2F	communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)		
NCAS: Re7.1, Re7.2,	Responding: Perceive and analyze artistic work (NCAS: Re7); Interpret intent and meaning in artistic	Х	
Re8.1, Re9.1	work (NCAS: Re8); Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work (NCAS: Re9)		

NCAS: Cn11.1	Connecting: Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical content to deepen	
	understanding (Cn11)	

Creating; Elements and Principles of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connecting
• C: DESE GLE PP1A, PP3A, PP3B
EP: DESE GLE EP1A, EP1B, EP1G, EP2C, EP2F
• PRC: NCAS RE7.1, RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1, Cn11.1
;r€

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Traditional drawing media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 	 Continuous line Contour line Positive and negative shapes Converging lines Interpreting art Realistic portrait Realistic proportion Abstract portrait Contrast Illustrate 	 Use pencil or marker to draw a continuous line that describes an object from observation (PP1A) Use contour lines to define a complex object (EP1A) Use positive and negative shapes in two-dimensional work (EP1G) Use converging lines (EP1A) Identify and interpret works of art or design that reveal how people live around the world and what they value (NCAS: Re7.1) Analyze ways that visual components and cultural associations suggested by images influence ideas, emotions, and actions (NCAS: Re7.2) Analyze how art reflects changing times, 		

		traditions, resources, and cultural uses (NCAS: Cn11.1) Interpret art by distinguishing between relevant and non-relevant contextual information and analyzing subject matter, characteristics of form and structure, and use of media to identify ideas and mood conveyed (NCAS: Re8.1) Develop and apply relevant criteria to evaluate a work of art (NCAS: Re9.1) Create original artwork using the following subjects: realistic portrait, abstract portrait (PP3A) Use complex shapes such as people, animals, vehicles (EP1B) Create facial features in realistic proportion (EP2F) Use shape, line, and size contrast (EP2C) Illustrate text (PP3B)
FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Demonstrate techniques and processes	Draw an object several times practicing	1, 2, 3, 4
Provide visual examples	the following: use a continuous line; use	
Facilitate discussions about interpreting art	contour lines; draw only the negative	
Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping	shapes in and around the object	
guide students through the process of	Create a drawing with converging lines	

creating	(e.g. one point perspective landscape	
o. cating	with road or building)	
	Make observations about the meaning	
	or purpose of an artwork using a	
	reference such as Here's Looking at Me	
	by Bob Raczka	
	Discuss how images suggest cultural	
	associations and what effect that may	
	have on a person's response to the	
	image	
	 Discuss how art reflects changing times, 	
	traditions, resources, and cultural uses	
	Distinguish between relevant and non-	
	relevant information that an artist may	
	have included to help convey an idea or	
	mood through their artwork	
	Develop and apply relevant criteria to	
	evaluate a work of art	
	Draw a realistically proportioned portrait	
	Draw an abstract portrait (e.g. Picasso-	
	inspired) using shape, line, and size	
	contrast	
	Use expressive lettering to express the	
	meaning of a word or illustrate an	
	excerpt of text from a favorite book or	
	poem	
	Learn about subject matters, drawing	
	techniques, and design concepts during	
	demonstrations as part of a Teaching for	
	Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based	
	setting	
	http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/	

	to help with generating	g ideas and	
	creating original art		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Social Studies: Artworks reflect the culture in which they were created	 Line Outline Portrait (e.g. painting, photograph, selfie) Abstract art Illustrations HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED		 How does the size of your hand, held up in front of you, compare with objects in the distance? How would they compare if they were side by side? How can this concept be applied to roads that are painted going off into the distance? What characteristics of an artwork help contribute to our first impressions of it? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understa concept? 			1, 2, 3, 4
Class discussions		Formative	
Written responses		Summative	
ном	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	ITS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interver	ntions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW W	/ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life	Combine knowledge with personal art	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin
·		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life	Combine knowledge with personal art	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea 	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Painting Media, Techniques, and Processes	
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 1- 2 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Painting paper	Various traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as
Paint Brushes	the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for
Tempera Paint	artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual

Mixing trays	art problems.		
Watercolor paint			
Visual examples			
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. 	 How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? 		
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?			
Standards, Concents, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
DESE GLE: PP1B	Creating: Select and apply 2-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1)	X		
DESE GLE: EP1E, EP1F	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1)	X		

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Pr	inciples of Design	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	C: DESE GLE PP1BEP: DESE GLE EP1I		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	ERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths	that give meaning to the		

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 	 Monochromatic color scheme Tints and shades Value scale 	 Using opaque paint, overlap brush strokes to create a smooth and even area of color (PP1B) Use monochromatic colors (EP1E) Demonstrate color value (tints and shades) (EP1F) Demonstrate a value scale (EP1F)
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about painting Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Demonstrate color value (tints and shades) with a value scale Create a painting using a monochromatic color scheme and compositional technique (e.g. rule of thirds, cropping) Learn about subject matters, painting techniques, and design concepts during demonstrations as part of a TAB/Choice-Based setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art 	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

но	 Pastel colors Cropping tool on a cam OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD		 What can tints and shades do for a monochromatic painting? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions 	concept?		2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interven		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, po- information into smalle 	,	2, 3, 4
HOW W	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/En		ARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Printmaking and Fiber Arts Media, Techniques, and Processes	
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Collagraph materials (e.g. cardboard, foam, yarn)
- Scissors
- Glue
- Gel plates
- Tempera Paint
- Paint trays or paper plates
- Brayers
- Fabric, felt
- String, thread
- Sewing pins, needles, pin cushions
- Weaving looms
- Yarn
- Weaving needles
- Beads

BIG IDEA(S):

 Various traditional printmaking and fiber arts media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.

 Felting materials (e.g. wool, trays) Embroidery hoops Visual examples 	
 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions?
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?
Standards Concents Con	atent Skills Products Vocabulary

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
reference/standard i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
DESE GLE: PP1D	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1)	X		
DESE GLE: EP1D, EP2A	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)	Х		

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP: DESE GLE EP1D, EP2A			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the				

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Traditional printmaking and fiber arts media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 	 Printmaking Printing plate Prints Weaving Loom Warp and weft Yarn/String/Thread Sewing Pattern Stitching (e.g. running, whip) Felting 	 Demonstrate a printmaking process (e.g. monoprint, collagraph, string print) (PP1D) Manipulate fibers (e.g. threading needles, tying simple knots, sewing, wrapping, weaving, beading) (PP1D) Use real/actual texture (EP1D) Use symmetrical (formal) balance (EP2A)
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about printmaking and fiber arts Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating. 	 Create a printing plate by gluing shapes onto a cardboard backing and use to make a print. Sew a pillow using a pattern and stitching techniques (e.g. running stitch, whip stitch) Create a symmetrical weaving with a texture Create a felted artwork using wool fibers Learn about printmaking and fiber art skills and concepts during 	2, 3, 4

 INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Math: Creating mathematical patterns Social studies: Printmaking from other cultures, time periods (e.g. African Adinkra prints, Andy Warhol prints) 	demonstrations as participal Artistic Behavior (TAB setting to help with generating original art PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO Stamping Symmetry Patterns Weaving)/Choice-Based enerating ideas and	 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS If printing creates a mirror image of the plate, how do words need to start on a plate in order to print legibly? Why might an artist want to create a series of the same artwork? How do we interact with printmaking in our everyday lives? How could a pattern be useful when sewing? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STU	DENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understar concept? Class discussions 	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative	2, 3, 4,
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE	NTS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?

Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	
		4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide additional examples,	Additional practice, possibly "chunking"	2, 3, 4	
demonstrations, check for understanding	information into smaller tasks		
and answer any questions, give students			
opportunities to work through difficulties			
they may experience			
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	EARNED?	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD		DOK TARGET	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	DOK TARGET	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking) 4=Extended Thinking)	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD Encourage students to connect life	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK • Combine knowledge with personal art	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking) 4=Extended Thinking)	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking) 4=Extended Thinking)	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paint brushes Kiln Visual examples 	 Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can 	 How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions?

• How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art?

• What can we learn from our responses to art?

How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world?

be developed.

• Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and

appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed

environments.						
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?						
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary					
REFERENCE/STANDARD	REFERENCE/STANDARD STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING					
		STANDARD	STANDARD			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS						
DESE OF DD24 DD20		,,				
DESE GLE: PP2A, PP3C	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve	X				
	challenging visual art problems (PP2); Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in					
	artworks for various purposes (PP3)					
NCAS: Pr4.1, Pr5.1,	Presenting: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation (NCAS: Pr4); Develop and	X				
Pr6.1, Cn10.1	refine artistic techniques and work for presentation (NCAS: Pr5); Convey meaning through the					
	presentation of artistic work (NCAS: Pr6)					
DESE GLE: AP1A, AP2A,						

IC2A, HC1A, HC1B	Responding: Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary (AP2); Compare and contrast artworks	
	from different historical time periods and/or cultures (HC1)	
	Connecting: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1); Explain the connections between Visual Arts and Social Studies (IC2); Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art (NCAS: Cn10)	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 C: DESE GLE PP2A, PP3C PRC: NCAS Pr4, Pr5, Pr6, Cn10; DESE GLE AP1, AP2, IC2, HC1 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 		 Relief sculpture Scoring Slipping Slip Modeling Symbolism in art Culture 	 Identify works of art from: Ancient Greece,Rome,Egypt,Pre-Columbian Americas; Africa; Asia (HC1A) Identify and explain symbolism or message communicated in an artwork (AP2A) Explain how responses (feelings or ideas) to artworks from various cultures are based on both personal experience and group beliefs (AP1A) Explain how artworks reflect the cultures in

	which they were created (IC2A)
	 Compare and contrast two artworks on: time,
	place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural content (HC1B)
	Generate a collection of ideas reflecting
	current interests and concerns that could be
	investigated in art-making (NCAS: Cn10.1)
	 Create a relief artwork by joining two or more
	surfaces (e.g. natural or manufactured clays, paper pulp, cardboard, found materials) (PP2A)
	 Create an original artwork that communicates
	ideas about the following themes: Functions
	of art in culture (e.g. celebrate rites of
	passage, teach history and/or religion,
	decorate useful objects); Personal identity (PP3C)
	 Analyze similarities and differences
	associated with preserving and presenting
	two-dimensional, three-dimensional, and
	digital artwork (NCAS: Pr4.1)
	 Individually or collaboratively, develop a visual plan for displaying works of art, analyzing exhibit space, the needs of the viewer, and the layout of the exhibit (NCAS:
	Pr5.1)
	 Assess, explain, and provide evidence of how museums or other venues reflect history and
	values of a community (NCAS: Pr6.1)
FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHOI	
- Indiamino name of the Name o	

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms and developing a theme in art. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Practice the process of responding and connecting to art: Discuss symbolic images and relief artwork from another culture (e.g. symbols from Ancient Greece; relief sculpture from Ankgor Wat in Cambodia). Explain why someone from one culture might have a different response to artwork from another culture Create a relief sculpture expressing personal identity (e.g. interests, personality traits, future plans) Compare and contrast personal work with artwork from another culture Create a useful object with clay (e.g. bowl, box, tray) Practice the process of presenting art Students determine how to arrange the finished clay projects in the art room for an in-class presentation (e.g. divide by subject matter such as personal interests, personality traits, plans for the future). Discuss how the presentation would be similar or different if the artwork was 2D or digital 	1,2,3,4

	 Discuss how art more reflect history and community (e.g. SI History Museum, so Learn about sculpture, other 3D media, skills aduring demonstrations Teaching for Artistic Beaching for Artistic Beaching to generating ideas and coart. 	values of a AM, Missouri tudent exhibit) ceramics, and and concepts as part of a chavior (TAB)/ o help with	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
History: Artifacts give us information about past civilizations (e.g. ancient symbols, relief sculpture)	Scoring/slippingModeling with clay		 How is relief sculpture different from sculpture in-the-round? How do artists express their personal identity (e.g. interests, personality traits, life events)? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept? Class discussions Written responses 		Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	RNED?	
	Possible Interventions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4	
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art

COURSE: Art 6

UNIT TITLE: Process of creating

UNIT DURATION: 8-10 weeks; shorter if integrating into whole-class projects

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Materials being used for project if integrating into whole-class learning activity
- Variety of media if using TAB/Choice-Based Art setting
 - O Drawing (e.g. drawing pencils, colored pencils, markers, pastels, drawing paper)
 - Painting (e.g. tempera paint, watercolor paint, brushes, painting paper)
 - Printmaking (e.g. gel plates, tempera paint, brayers, stamps)
 - O Fiber Arts (e.g. string, yarn, fabric, looms)
 - O Collage (e.g. construction paper, scissors, glue)
 - O Sculpture (e.g. cardboard, pipe cleaners, wood, glue, tape)
 - O Digital arts (e.g. chromebooks)

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Practicing the process of creating can help students gain skill at communicating ideas and solving visual art problems. The process includes these principles (NCAS):
 - Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed.
 - O Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
 - Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches.
 - O Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety,

BIG IDEA(S):

- A student involved in the creative process (NCAS):
 - O Imagines a mental image or concept
 - O Investigates and studies through exploration or examination
 - O Constructs a product by combining or arranging a series of elements
 - O Reflects and thinks deeply about his or her work
- Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and innovative thinking? What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks? How does collaboration expand the creative process?
- How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do artists determine what resources and criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations?
- How do artists work? How do artists and designers determine whether a particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and designers learn from trial and error?
- How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and

- freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks.
- O People create and interact with objects, places, and design that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives.
- Artist and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.
- equipment? Why is it important for safety and health to understand and follow correct procedures in handling materials, tools, and equipment? What responsibilities come with the freedom to create?
- How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities? How do artists and designers determine goals for designing or redesigning objects, places, or systems? How do artists and designers create works of art or design that effectively communicate?
- What role does persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work? How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it more completely?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT? Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary REFERENCE/STANDARD STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR STANDARD STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS Cr1, Cr2, Cr3 Creating: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work (Cr1); Organize and develop artistic X ideas and work (Cr2); Refine and complete artistic work (Cr3)

OBJECTIVES	Creating		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• C: NCAS Cr1.1, Cr1.2, Cr2.1, Cr2.2, Cr2.3, Cr3.1		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?			
Concepts, accountial twiths	that give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches. Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks. People create and interact with objects, places, and design that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives. Artist and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time. 	 Original idea Thumbnail sketch Traditional media (e.g. pencil, paint), techniques (e.g. stippling, blending), processes (e.g. stitching fabric, pulling a print), as well as the elements and principles of art (e.g. color, balance), and subject matters (e.g. portrait) Artist statement 	 Combine concepts collaboratively to generate innovative ideas for creating art (NCAS:Cr1.1) Formulate an artistic investigation of personally relevant content for creating art (NCAS: Cr1.2) Demonstrate openness in trying new ideas, materials, methods, and approaches in making works of art and design (NCAS: Cr2.1) Explain environmental implications of conservation, care, and clean-up of art materials, tools, and equipment (NCAS: Cr2.2) Design or redesign objects, places, or systems that meet the identified needs of diverse users (NCAS: Cr2.3) Reflect on whether personal artwork conveys the intended meaning and revise accordingly (NCAS: Cr3.1)
	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARINING TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about the creative process 	 Practice the process of creating in a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ choice-based setting http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/ 	2, 3, 4

Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping	or whole-class activity with flexibilty on	
	·	
guide students through the process of	the choice spectrum	
creating	https://www.theartofed.com/2014/12/1	
	9/where-are-you-on-the-choice-	
	spectrum/	
	 From a discussion, list, or inspiration 	
	board combine two or more concepts	
	into an innovative idea to guide an	
	artwork	
	 Discuss and practice methods for 	
	approaching a new work of art (e.g.,	
	research, thumbnail sketches)	
	 Explore and develop skills in multiple 	
	TAB studios (e.g., drawing, painting, fiber	
	arts)	
	 Learn about and use care when using 	
	materials, tools, and equipment	
	 Design or redesign objects, places, or 	
	systems that meet the identified needs	
	of diverse users	
	Create student generated and refined	
	original works of art	
	Reflect on whether personal artwork	
	conveys the intended meaning and	
	revise accordingly	
	Tevise accordingly	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Students may choose to communicate ideas	Places and/or subjects of personal	Where do ideas for creating art come from?
about other disciplines as part of their	significance	How can skills be combined with personal art
artistic goal (e.g. music, sports, current	Prior experience with the process of	goals, helping to generate original art ideas to

events or culture)	creating OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	 create in a TAB studio? How does an artist decide on a medium, technique, process, element or principle, subject matter, or theme to help meet their artistic goals? How do artists reflect on their work? How can a reflection help inform the next artistic goal?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	concept? Class discussions		1, 2, 3, 4
HOV	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	NED?
	Possible Intervent	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	Additional practice, posinformation into smalle	•	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 7

Unit Title: Drawing Techniques and Processes

Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Drawing Paper Drawing Pencils, Erasers, Sharpeners Colored Pencils Markers Multiple tip-width drawing pens 	 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of drawing as they create works of art and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Understanding and using media/techniques in drawing that allow the students to express a variety of topics and subjects. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in drawing. 	 What media and technique do I need to master to create effective looking figures, scenes, and subjects in drawing? What elements and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of a drawing?

- Understanding artists and/or cultures known for drawing and the artwork.
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own drawings as well as that of others.
- What artists are known for and can influence my own work it the area of drawing?
- How effective was I in the creation of my drawing?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
GLE: PP1A, PP3A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1A, EP1D, EP2A, EP2B,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS GLE: PP1A: Use a variety of media to create simulated texture.		

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create an Art	work depicting the Human Figure and a Still Life.	
	GLE: EP1A: Use Rhythmic Lines		
	GLE: EP1D: Use simulate	d texture	
	GLE: EP2A: Use Radial Ba	lance	
	GLE: EP2B: Use Center of	f Interest (emphasis)	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	STAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	= =	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
texture is an impor drawings. • Students will under figure is meaningfu	rstand that the Still Life is	 Students will know various approaches to drawing (such as Whole-to-part, basic perspective/point of view) Students will know how to create simulated texture. Students will know the Still Life as a observable construct and as subject matter. Students will know basic proportions of the Human Figure. Students will know selected medium/media. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation in an appropriate medium that incorporates Rhythmic Lines. Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting the human form in reasonable proportion and detail that incorporates simulated texture. Student will be able to create a drawing that shows radial balance.
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIN	G AND LEARNING

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the human figure and the still life in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the drawing of a still life and a human figure. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Create a finished/developed drawing (ie a scene) incorporating a full bodied human figure in reasonable proportion and detail. Create a still life drawing from observation. 	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Math spatial concepts related to perspective drawing 	Elements and Principles of DesignGeneral drawing approaches	 How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?
Н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?					
Possible Interventions					
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4			
HOW V	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

STANDAI	STANDARD:			
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was	•		

	taught.	
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation in an appropriate medium. Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting the human form in reasonable proportion and detail. 	 Create a finished/developed drawing (ie a scene) incorporating a full bodied human figure in reasonable proportion and detail. Create a still life drawing from observation.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: • Performs basic processes, such as: • O However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

	1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
		the more complex ideas and processes.	
	LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1A: Identify and use Rhythmic Lines			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1D: Identify and u	ise simulated texture		
	GLE: EP2A: Identify and u	ise Radial Balance		
	GLE: EP2B: Identify and u	se Center of Interest (emphasis)		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERST	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
drawing. • Students will unders elements through a Principles of Design	n and use of the (such as line and tant component in any stand that organizing	 Students will know and apply the elements of rhythmic line and simulated texture as they apply to drawing(s). Students will be know and apply the principles of radial balance and emphasis (center of interest) in drawing(s). 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create developed drawing(s) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating rhythmic line and simulated texture. Students will be able to create developed drawing(S) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating the radial balancing of subjects and strong areas of emphasis. Students will be able to identify the appropriate elements and principles of design 	

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of rhythm line, simulated texture, emphasis, and radial balance in drawing. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply rhythm line, simulated texture, emphasis, and radial balance in drawing Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussion and/or presentations to illustrate the elements texture. Participate in discussion and/or presentations to illustrate the principles radial balance. Create finished/develor incorporating the elem line and simulated text them. Create finished/develor incorporating the principles and radial balance and 	to record and of line and of line and ons, activities, or record and of emphasis and oped drawings ents of rhythmic ture and identify ped drawings iples of emphasis	1,2,3 and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI	NNECTIONS	
 Understanding the foundation concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. 	 General knowledge of t principles of design 	the elements and	
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project AssessmentsWritten Reflections		Summative	1,2,3, and 4

 Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions How	Summative Formative Formative WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT	
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW W	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	DY LEARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in the artwork and their reflections. 	3,4 r

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 Students will create developed drawing(s) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating rhythmic line and simulated texture. Students will be able to create developed drawing(S) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating the radial balancing of subjects and strong areas of emphasis. Students will be able to identify the appropriate elements and principles of design The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the elements of line and texture. Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the principles of emphasis and radial balance. Create finished/developed drawings incorporating the elements of rhythmic line and simulated texture. Create finished/developed drawings incorporating the principles of emphasis and radial balance.
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O • Performs basic processes, such as: O	•

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas	
	and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections			
		ormal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) ntifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
	stand that methodically effectiveness of their	 Students will know the following components of an art critique: 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, 	

own drawings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth.	 Description (subjects, and the elements of texture and line) Analysis (radial balance, center of interest/emphasis) Interpretation (themes, 	 interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment)
Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential component of artistic growth.	purposes) Judgment (as an example of realism and/or non-objective). Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and Europe: Artists and artwork focusing of Realism and including the human figure (suggested: the Italian Renaissance and the American Regionalists) Modern/ contemporary non-objective work (suggested: Op-Art work)	Students will be Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic and non-objective) from Europe and the United States in their sketchbooks.
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

			4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous painting Present and/or provide examples of a variety of artwork (realistic and nonobjective) from Europe and the United States). Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	 Participate in a group A (describe, analyze, interjudgment). Participate in discussion and/or presentations to identify a variety of articipate and non-objective) from United States). Produce a written Art C analyze, interpret, and judicipate own work or that of the product of the	epret, and as, activities, a record and avork (realistic a Europe and the aritique (describe, audgment) of another.	1,2,3 and 4
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and Cu from other classes or pe experiences. 		
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpr Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and criti Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?			
	Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic and non-objective) from Europe and the United States in their sketchbooks. 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of artwork (realistic and nonobjective) from Europe and the United States). Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 7

Unit Title: Other Media Techniques and Mixed Media

Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Various papers appropriate for mixed media Heavy tag and colored paper for sets. brushes, water cups, paper towels as appropriate Pastels, markers, crayons, and colored pencils. Glue and binding materials Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device and projector/screen Internet enabled student devices/chromebooks 	 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical comparisons within the world of mixed media, electronic arts and graphic design as they create examples of such work and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- Understanding and using mixed media/techniques that allow the students to create traditional artwork, graphic design product, and electronic art.
- Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design
- Understanding artists and artwork and be able to compare and contrast them
- Understanding the relationship of illustration and text in graphic design.

- What electronic media, other media and technique can I combine or investigate to create great art?
- What elements and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of mixed media and electronic art?
- What artists and artwork from Europe and America inspire me?
- How effective was I in the creation of mixed and electronic media artwork? ?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vo	icts. Vocabulary	Products, Vocab	Skills. Prod	Content.	Concepts.	Standards.
--	------------------	-----------------	--------------	----------	-----------	------------

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP3C, PP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1A, EP1B, EP2D	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: AP1A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
GLE: IC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
GLE: HC1A, HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP3C: Create an Artwork that communicates group identity.				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP1C: Create an artwork using general software.				
	EP1A: Use rhythmic lines				
	EP1B: Use rhythmic shape	es			
	EP2D: Use regular rhythm				
	EP1E Use analogous color	S			
	EP1D: Use simulated textu				
	El 15. Ose simulated texte				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths	that give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products		
topic; ideas that transj	fer across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY			
 Students will understand that artwork can be used to communicate an identity within a group. 		 Students will know examples of artwork that communicates group identity: Logos 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout 		
 Students will understand that media can be mixed and explored to create unexpected 		National insignia/flagsFamily symbols, etc.	 Students will create a work focusing on group identity, such as a logo. 		
work that focuses on: O Focused use of elements O Combining unexpected subjects from art history.		 Students will know techniques and various media and how to effectively combine them in terms of: Line, texture, shape and color 	 Students will be able to create effective mixed media artwork(s) that focuses on, but is not limited to, the following elements and principles of design: 		
 Students will understand that artwork can be created using electronic media and software. 		 rhythm/pattern. Students will know subject matter drawn from the following types of artwork: 	 line, texture, shape and color rhythm/pattern. Students will be able to create a work that 		

	 Abstract Realism Non-Objective.: Students will know techniques to create work using a computer. 	focused on subject matter from various art historical sources. Students will be able to create an artwork using a computer (stop motion)
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of group identity in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in mixed media work. Provide examples or facilitate investigation of subject matter from abstract, non-objective, and realistic sources. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in computer based artwork. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Create a group identity artwork (such as a logo) Create an effective mixed media artwork focusing on the elements and a principles of design Create an artwork using varied historical sources. Create an artwork using a computer. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Animation Historical subject source matter Technology 	 Elements and Principles of Design Computer use ability Interactions with graphic design 	How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?

HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?					
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	WILL WE DESDOND IS STUDENT	Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advarinstruction Students will take advaropportunity to re-do proreflections 	ntage of the Djects or	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW W	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,		

		4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1A: identify and use rh	EP1A: identify and use rhythmic lines			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP1B: identify and use rh	ythmic shapes			
	EP2D: identify and use re	egular rhythm			
	EP1E identify and use an	alogous colors			
	EP1D: identify and use si	mulated texture			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths	that give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products		
Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (line, shape, color, and		ACADEMIC VOCABULARY			
		Students will know the elements of line,	Students will be able to prepare for finished		
		shape, color, and texture in mixed media	product through the use of sketching and		
		work.	layout.		
,	portant component in	Students will know the principle of	Students will be able to identify and create		
mixed media work.		rhythm as it applies to mixed media	mixed media artwork that focus on:		
 Students will under 	stand that organizing	work.	 Line, shape, color, and texture 		

elements through application of the Principles of Design (rhythm) is an important component in a mixed media work. FACILITATING ACT TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS STUDENT LEARNING TASK	
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of Line, shape, color, and simulated texture. Present and/or provide examples of the use of regular rhythm Demonstration skills and techniques to apply Line, shape, color, and texture. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussions, action and/or presentations to reconsillustrate the elements of Lines color, and simulated texture apprinciple of rhythm. Create finished/developed mover work incorporating the elements shape, color, and simulated the well as the principle of rhythm. Identify and describe the elements of the elements of the principle of the elements. Identify and describe the elements of the elements of the elements. 	rd and a, shape, and the ultimedia ents of line, exture as a. anents of eed texture
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECT	ONS
 Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. 	 General knowledge of the ele principles of design DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS H 	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	JN FO	RMATIVE DOK TARGET

 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative Formative Formative	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4
ном	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Interventi		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage instruction Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do proreflections 	tage of the	1,2,3, and 4
HOW W	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS F Possible Extensions/Enr.		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 AP1A: Compare and Contrast Non-Objective, Realistic, and Abstract Artwork HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States HC1B: Compare and Contrast Artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, And cultural context. IC2A: Discuss the relationship between illustration and written text. 			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand how to compare and contrast two works of art. Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential component of artistic growth. Students will understand the relationship between illustration and written text. 		 Students will know how to compare and contrast artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, 	 Students will be able compare and contrast artworks using a Venn diagram(or other graphic organizer) in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural context. realism, abstraction, and non-objective 	
		theme, characteristics, cultural context. o realism, abstraction, and non-objective		
		 Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and 	 Students will be able select and justify an example of realism, abstraction, and non- objective artwork from the US and Europe. 	

FACILITATING AC	Europe: Artists and artwork focusing on Realism, Abstraction, and Non-Objective Painting (suggested: the Impressionists/Post Impressionists (pointillism), Op-Art movement, Early American Abstraction (O'Keefe), Abstract Expressionism, etc). Students will know how to engage illustrations and written text.	Students will be able write about or discuss the relationship between the illustrations and the written text in an example of graphic design (such as a logo)		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		

about the relationship of text and illustration in a graphic design work. • Participate in guided practice.	illustration in a graphic design work. objective) from Europe				
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO				
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and Cultures known from other classes or personal cultural experiences. 				
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?		
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Written Compare and Contrast Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, etc. Inquiry into examples of realism, abstraction, and approximately services. 	·		1,2,3, and 4		
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	DOK TARGET		

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW W	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L 	1,2,3, and 4 EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)

TANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: • Performs basic processes, such as: • O • However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of
	the more complex ideas and processes.
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 7

Unit Title: Painting Techniques and Processes

Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Heavy Paper appropriate for painting
- Paint brushes, water cups, paper towels
- Tempera and watercolor media
- Artbooks/textbooks
- Internet enabled device and projector/screen

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Understanding and using media/techniques in painting that allow the students to express a variety of topics and subjects.
- Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in painting.
- Understanding artists and/or cultures known for painting and the artwork.
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own paintings as well as that of others.

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of painting as they create works of art and reflect upon them.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What media and technique do I need to master to create a variety of textures in my paintings? How could I best work with the theme of Nature in a painting?
- What elements and principles of design, in particular what color schemes, would help me the most in the creation of a painting?
- What artists are known for and can influence my own work in the field of painting?
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of paintings?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP1B, PP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1E	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1B: Use a variety of brushstrokes to create various textures.		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create and ar	twork that communicates the theme of Nature.	
	GLE: EP1E: Use analogou	is colors	
	GLE: EP1D: Use simulate	d texture	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that using a variety of brushstrokes will result various textures in their paintings Students will understand that the theme of nature is a widely used theme in painting and can be creatively applied to their own work FACILITATING AC		 Students will know various approaches to painting, including such techniques as painterly, pointillist, and hard edged. Students will know how to use brush techniques to create various textures (rough, smooth, soft, feathered, etc.) in a painting. Students will know the theme of Nature as an important theme in their work. Students will know selected medium/media/materials (tempera, watercolor, brush types, etc). 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate various brush techniques that result in a variety of textures. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate color schemes (in particular analogous) Students will be able to create a developed artwork focusing of the theme of Nature.
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the theme of nature in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the brushwork (such as hard-edged, pointillist, and painterly/soft-edged) and use of media to create various textures Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate prace (guided practice) sketched developed work. Create an effective paint paintings, that incorpor brush techniques that respective of textures sniff color scout not limited to analog Create a painting focusing of Nature. 	ting, or series of ate various esult in a variety hemes (including gous)	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. He	 Elements and Principles General painting approa OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE 	ches	 How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?

	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW W	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

STANDARD:			
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS	
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•	
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.		
3.0	The student:	•	
	•		
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content		
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•	
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 		
	Performs basic processes, such as:O		
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.		

1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1E: Identify and use analogous colors GLE: EP1D: Identify and use simulated texture		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (color/color schemes (analogous colors) and simulated texture) are an important component in any painting. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design is an important component in any painting. 		 Students will know the elements of color (analogous colors) and texture as they apply to their painting(s). Students will consider the principles of design in their painting(s) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create a developed painting that demonstrates an analogous color scheme and be able to identify it and the colors that make it up Students will be able to create a painting with various simulated textures and be able to identify them.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
·	vide examples of the use e and analogous color	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and 	1,2,3 and 4

schemes in paintings. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply simulated texture and analogous colors in painting. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color.	illustrate the elements of (analogous colors) and stextures in painting Create finished/development incorporating the element (analogous) and simula Identify and describe the analogous colors and similating. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON General knowledge of the principles of design	imulated ped paintings ints of color ted texture. e use of mulated textures NECTIONS ne elements and	
"	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STODE	INTO TIAVE ELAKINI	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?			
	Possible Interventions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4	
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	• .
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: o	•
	 Performs basic processes, such as: O 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	

	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LN	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections • GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) • GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERST	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own paintings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. 		 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description (subjects, and the elements of texture and color) Analysis Interpretation (themes, purposes) 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment)

Students will understand that the	 Judgment (as an example of 	of their own work or that of another.
knowledge of art and artists from the United	realism, abstract, and/or non-	
States and European is an essential	objective).	
component of artistic growth.		Students will be able to Identify a variety or the state of the s
	6	artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-
	Students will know a selection of	objective) from Europe and the United Stat
	artwork from the United States and	in their sketchbooks.
	Europe:	
	 Artists and artwork focusing on 	
	Realism, Abstraction, and Non-	
	Objective Painting (suggested:	
	the Impressionists/Post	
	Impressionists (pointillism), Op-	
	Art movement, Early American	
	Abstraction (O'Keefe), Abstract	
	Expressionism, etc).	
FACILITATING ACTIV	VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	IING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
Present and lead an Art Critique (describe,	Participate in a group Art Critique	1,2,3 and 4
analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a	(describe, analyze, interpret, and	
famous painting	judgment).	

• Participate in discussions, activities,

• Present and/or provide examples of a

variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States). • Participate in guided practice.	from Europe and the United of artwork (realistic, abstract, and robjective) from Europe and the United		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	ONNECTIONS	
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and from other classes or experiences. DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUIL	personal cultural	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
	 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE Possible Interve		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	NG TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: 	
	O Performs basic processes, such as.	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 7

Unit Title: 3D Techniques and Media

Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Heavy Paper appropriate for layered paper sculpture.
- brushes, water cups, paper towels as appropriate
- Glue, paste appropriate for layered paper.
- Color paper for finishing.
- Pigment(s) appropriate for finishing.
- Artbooks/textbooks
- A film depicting a variety of sets (suggested: stop motion animation film)
- Internet enabled device and projector/screen

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Understanding and using media/techniques in sculpture that allow the students to express a variety of artwork.
- Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in sculpture.
- Understanding the difficult question: what is art?
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own sculptures as well as that of others.

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and perceptions about the world of sculpture and 3D work in general as they create works of art and reflect upon them.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What media and technique do I need to master to create an in-the round layered paper sculpture?
- What elements, in particular positive and negative space, and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of a sculpture?
- What is art?
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of 3D work?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
GLE: PP2A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х			
GLE: EP1G, EP1C	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х			
GLE: AP1A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х			
GLE: IC1A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х			
Not Covered	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP2A: Create an in-the-round layered paper sculpture. EP1C: Use high and low relief in sculpture EP1G: Use positive and negative forms in three dimensional work.			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
medium has a great of sculpture.		 Students will know various approaches to paper sculpture (including layering, paper-pulping, and papier mache) Students will know how to select and apply a suitable technique to create small sculptures in paper. Students will know sculpture-in-theround, maquette, layering, papiermache, positive and negative forms, high and low-relief. Students know how sets are constructed and used in film and theatre. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished sculpture through the use of sketching and planning in their sketchbooks Students will be able to create an effective layered paper sculpture that is in-the- round and incorporates 3-dimensional positive and negative forms. Students will be able to add items exhibiting high and low relief. Students will be able to create a paper set that could be used for stop-motion animation. 	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	

			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of in-the-round sculpture and/or examples of architecture. Demonstration of approaches to planning sculpture (maquette) Demonstration of skills and techniques suitable for the creation of paper sculpture. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	 Create appropriate practices for developed Create a developed pape sculpture in the round of positive and negative for the create a paper set suital motion animation View a film depicting various PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON 	sculpture. er-based ontaining both rms. ble for stop- rious sets.	1,2,3, and 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Architecture Film, animation, and dramatic arts 	 Elements and Principles Different approaches to (carving, casting, model) Architecture OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	sculpture ing)	How can I make my work better through organized self reflection? D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
ноч	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?

	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take advantage of extra	1,2,3, and 4
and examples.	instruction	
Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take advantage of the 	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their 	4=Extended Thinking)

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	The student:	•
	• The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Positive, negative form, in-the-round, relief, maquette Performs basic processes, such as: O Papier mache, layered paper, assemblage. 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1C: Differentiate between high and low relief in sculpture			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP1G: Identify and use positive and negative forms in three dimensional work.			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	-	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
forms) are an impos sculpture. • Students will under	n and use of the (positive and negative ortant component a stand and be able to sen high and low relief in	 Students will know and be apple to use positive and negative forms in their sculpture. Students the know the difference between high and low relief in their sculpture. Students will consider the principles of design in their sculpture FIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING	 Students will be able to prepare for finished work through the use of sketching and design. Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating positive and negative forms and be able to identify them. Students will be able differentiate between high and low relief in their sculpture(s) NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHED INCTUIC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	CTUDENT LEADNING TACK	DOK TARCET	
TEACHER INSTRUC		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
of positive/negative	vide examples of the use e forms in sculpture. vide examples of the use sculpture.	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the element of form (positive and negative). 	1,2,3 and 4	

 Demonstration skills and techniques to apply positive and negative forms in sculpture. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success 	 Create finished/developed sculpture incorporating positive and negative form. Identify and describe the high and low relief in their work PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS General knowledge of the elements and principles of design 	
н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative Formative Formative	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4
HOW	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	RNED?
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW W	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L 	1,2,3, and 4 EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)

STANDA	RD: The Elements of Design: 3D techniques and media	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Positive and negative form, high and low relief. 	
	Performs basic processes, such as:O	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 GLE: AP1A: Discuss and Develop answers to questions about art: what is art? What should art look like? IC1A: Explain how art is used in designing/constructing sets in film and theatre 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transf	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
	stand that art can be spected forms and that t always an easy	 Students will engage in a selection of 3D work and recognize the level of its artistic qualities, including: Traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) 	 Students will be able discuss and justify the artistic qualities of various 3 dimensional work in terms of: does it look real? Is it beautiful? Is it expressive? What exactly is art?
 Students will understand that art is used in the designing and constructing of sets in film and theatre. 		ArchitectureSet designs and Sets	 Students will be able to identify sets used in an example of film and/or theatre and explain

	 Students will know a selection of sets used in film and/or theatre and how art skills are used in their construction. 	how art skills are used to construct them
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead/facilitate a presentation of traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) that focuses on what makes it art. Present and/or provide examples or architecture that clearly embodies expression. Discuss is it art? Present a short film featuring a variety of sets (suggested: stop motion animation) and facilitate discussion concerning how art is used in their construction. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in the discussions, activities, and/or presentations to engage in the question "What is art?" in the following areas: Traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) Architecture Set designs and Sets Identify a variety of sets and explain how art skills are used in the design and construction of them. 	1,2,3 and 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Film and theatre	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO Artists, Artwork, and C	ultures known	
architecture	from other classes or p experiences.	ersonal cultural	
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking
		SUMMATIVES	4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Products: What is art? Art as used in sets and set design Sketchbook entries and sketches/notes Teacher and student led discussions 		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
		Formative	
		Formative	
ном	WWILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take adva	ntage of extra	1,2,3, and 4
and examples.	instruction		
 Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	 Students will take adva 	intage of the	

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or					
	reflections					
HOW V	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?					
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments					
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)				
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4				
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their					
	artwork and their reflections.					

STANDARD: Art History, Perceptions, and Connections: 3D Techniques and Media				
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.			
3.0	:			
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content			
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:			
	Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:			
	Performs basic processes, such as:			
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.			
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or			
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content			
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.			



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 8

Unit Title: Drawing Processes and Techniques

Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks

${\bf MATERIALS\ /\ INSTRUCTIONAL\ RESOURCES\ FOR\ THIS\ UNIT:}$

- Drawing Paper
- Drawing Pencils, Erasers, Sharpeners
- Colored Pencils
- India Ink, Pens and Holders
- Multiple tip-width drawing pens/nibs

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Understanding and using media/techniques (including linear perspective and value change) in drawing that allows the student to express a realistic, surreal work and the illusion of form.
- Understanding appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in drawing.
- Understanding artists and/or subject matter/themes that can inspire or assist in drawing.
- Understand and reflect upon the effectiveness of the student's own drawings as well as that of others.

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections that will enable them to create drawings and reflect upon them.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What media and technique do I need to master to create effective realistic and surreal landscapes that incorporating tonal changes?
- What elements and principles of design would help me the most when engaging line quality, linear perspective, and tonal change in drawing?
- What suitable subject matter/themes can I apply to my drawings?
- How effective was I in the creation of my drawing?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

				ı
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING	
		STANDARD	STANDARD	
				l

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
GLE: PP1A, PP3A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1A, EP1C, EP1G, EP1B,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1A: Create even, continuous, and graduated tones using pencil and/or colored pencil.			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create an Original Artwork depicting a realistic and an abstracted landscape			
	GLE: EP1A: Use a varied l	ne quality		
	GLE: EP1C: Use a range o	f value to create the illusion of form.		
	GLE: EP1F: Use a range of	values		
	GLE: EP2B: Use 1 point lir	near perspective to create the illusion of form		
	GLE: EP2F: Use Scale relat	ionships.		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERST	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths the topic; ideas that transfe	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that change in tone (both continuous as well as graduated) is an important component in their drawings. Students will understand how to use 1 point linear perspective and tonal change to create the illusion of form. Students will understand that realistic and abstract landscapes can be important themes for their drawings. 		 Students will know how to create graduated and continuous tonal changes in pencil Students will know create the illusion of form using: Tonal changes including highlights, mid-ranges, deep shade as well as case shadows 1 point linear perspective and related vocabulary (vanishing point, eye level, perspective lines, etc) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Students will create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Students will create a 1 point linear 	

FACILITATING ACT	 Students will know abstract and realistic landscapes in terms of type and manipulation of foreground, middle ground and background (scale relationships) Students will know selected medium/media (pencil, colored pencil, wet/dry media, india ink). 	perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape • Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change.
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the abstract and realistic landscapes in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in drawing: Continuous tonal change Graduated tonal change 1 point linear perspective. Tonal change to enhance to look of 3 dimensions Participate in guided practice. 	 Prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Create a 1 point linear perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

 Rough drafts idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Math spatial concepts related to perspective drawing Maps Photography supporting the illusion of form 	 Elements and Principles of Design General drawing approaches 		How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	ED?		
Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative Formative Formative	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4		
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?		
Possible Interventions					
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1,2,3, and 4		

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
J G G I I I		5 IIII 12 17 616
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Students will create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Students will create a 1 point linear perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change. 	 Create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Create a 1 point linear perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 	
	Performs basic processes, such as: O	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1A: Identify and use varied line quality
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1C: Identify and use a range of value to create the illusion of form.
	GLE: EP1F: Identify and use a range of values
	GLE: EP2B: Identify and use 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form
	GLE: EP2F: Identify and use Scale relationships.
	MALLAT CHOLUD CTUDENTS

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY			
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (line, value, and the illusion of form) is an important component in any drawing. Students will know the importance of scale relationships (proportion) when created drawings with the illusion of form. 	 Students will know the elements of design: Line (quality) Value (ranges to create the illusion of form) Shape/form (1 point linear perspective) Students will be know the principles of Design: Proportion (scale/size relationships: foreground, middle ground, background) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create and identify varied line quality. Students will be able to create and identify a 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Students will be able to create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Students will be able to create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background. 		

FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of line, value, shape/form (1 point linear perspective) in developed work. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply: Line (quality) Value (ranges to create the illusion of form) Shape/form (1 point linear perspective) Proportion (scale/size relationships: foreground, middle ground, background) Participate in guided practice. 	 Create and identify varied line quality. Create and identify 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background 	1,2,3 and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	
Understanding the foundation concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success.	 General knowledge of the elements and principles of design 	
НС	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	ARNED?
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	

artwork and their reflections.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	CANADI E TACKO
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was	•
	taught.	
3.0	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create and identify varied line quality. Students will be able to create and identify a 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Students will be able to create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Students will be able to create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background. 	 Create and identify varied line quality. Create and identify 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:	
	OPerforms basic processes, such as:	
	• 1 CHOITIS Dasic processes, such as.	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork from the United States 			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND?		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	

 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own drawings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. Students will understand that the a selection of architectural development in the United States can provide rich subject matter for a realistic landscape Students will understand that a selection of surreal artwork from the United States can provide inspiration for a abstract landscape 	 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description Analysis Interpretation Judgment Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States: Architecture (as subject matter) Development of the skyscraper from early modern to post modern. Painting American Surrealism 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an basic Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety US architectural examples (skyscrapers) in their sketchbooks to be used as subjects/inspirations in their drawing Students will be able to identify examples of American Surrealism in their sketchbooks.
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Present/lead or facilitate an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Present and/or facilitate the exploration of examples of a variety of artwork skyscrapers developed from early modern period to post modern in the United States to be used as subject matter in drawing. Present and/or facilitate the exploration of examples of a variety of abstract landscapes (such as American Surrealism) in the United States to Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Development of the US city Historical connections during the 20s and 30s. 	 (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Present and/or facilitate the exploration of examples of a variety of artwork skyscrapers developed from early modern period to post modern in the United States to be used as subject matter in drawing. Present and/or facilitate the exploration of examples of a variety of abstract landscapes (such as American Surrealism) in the United States to Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of skyscrapers and abstract landscapes produced in the United States. Produce a written Art Critique (descri analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Artists, Artwork, Architecture s know from other classes or personal cultura experiences. 		1,2,3 and 4
но	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDI	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, architecture and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
Possible Interventions			

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take advantage of extra	1,2,3, and 4
and examples.	instruction	
Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take advantage of the 	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW W	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	FARNED?
		LAMILD,
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD		DOK TARGET
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD Teacher will provide extended instruction on		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an basic Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety US architectural examples (skyscrapers) in their sketchbooks to be used as subjects/inspirations in their drawing 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of skyscrapers and abstract landscapes produced in the United States. Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:	
	Performs basic processes, such as: O	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 8

Unit Title: Other Media Techniques and Mixed Media

Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Various papers appropriate for mixed media
- brushes, water cups, paper towels as appropriate
- Markers, colored pencils, watercolor, India Ink, holders, nibs of various widths...
- Glue and binding materials (sewing bindings and/or magazine style binding)
- Heavy paper and Paper for sketchbook pages.
- Artbooks/textbooks
- Internet enabled device and projector/screen
- Internet enabled student devices/chromebooks

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical comparisons within the world of Fiber-based media, mixed media, electronic arts and graphic design as they create examples of such work and reflect upon them.

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Understanding mixed media and related techniques that allow the students to create graphic design related art, fiber based art, and electronic art.
- Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design
- Understanding artists and artwork and be able to compare and contrast them. Understand connections between artwork, music and US current and historical events.
- Understanding the relationship of illustration and text in graphic design.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What media and technique can I combine or investigate to create great art and graphic design?
- What elements and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of mixed media and electronic art?
- What artists and artwork from America inspire me, and what connections can I draw between art, music and events in the US?
- How effective was I in the creation of mixed and electronic media artwork?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
GLE: PP1C, PP1D	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1A, EP2A	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: IC1A, IC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
GLE: HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1C: Create an Artwork using software		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP1D: Create an Artwork using Fibre Arts GLE: EP1A: Use Varied Line Quality GLE: IC2A: Connecting Artwork to Events in the United States. WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
i i	Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, Skills; Products ACADEMIC VOCABULARY		Skills; Products
 Students will understand that fiber-based techniques can be effectively used to create art. Students will understand media can be mixed and explored to create unexpected work. Students will understand that artwork can be created using electronic media and software. 		 Students will know examples of artwork that that is fiber based (any of the following: Weaving, knotting Paper making Batik Book arts and binding Students will know techniques and various media and how to effectively combine them in terms of: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Students will know techniques to create work using a computer. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout Students will create a work focusing the fiber Arts (such as book arts and bindery). Students will be able to create mixed media artwork(s) that focuses on, but is not limited to, the following:: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Students will be able to create an artwork using a computer

	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples or facilitate explanation of fiber arts and multi-media artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application of fiber arts and mixed media work. Provide examples or facilitate investigation of subject matter from current events, historical sources as well as poetry/music. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in computer based artwork. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Participate successfully in all presentations investigating subject matter: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Create a developed fiber-based artwork (book -arts based or other). Create an artwork focusing on line quality and informal balance (with an historical connection) such as calligraphy or other. Create an artwork or series of artworks using varied current and/or historical sources. 	1,2,3, and 4

	 Create an artwork using 	a computer.	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Historical subject source matter Technology 	 Elements and Principles Computer use ability Interactions with graphi OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	c design	How can I make my work better through organized self reflection? ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
ном	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extrinstruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1A: Identify and Use Varied Line Quality			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP2A: Identify and Use Informal Balance			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
an important comp work. Students will under elements through a Principles of Design	n and use of the (varied line quality) are conent in mixed media	 Students will know the elements of line and line quality in art work. Students will know the principle of Informal balance as it applies to mixed media work. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to identify, describe and create mixed media artwork that focus on line quality. Students will be able to identify, describe, and create mixed media artwork with informal balance. 	
	FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING			
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	

 Present and/or provide examples of the use of character of line in current/historical artwork. Present and/or provide examples of the use of informal balance Demonstration skills and techniques to apply Line, shape, color, and texture. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the elements of Line and line quality and the principle of informal balance Create finished/developed multimedia work incorporating the elements line and line quality as well as the principle of informal balance. Identify and describe the elements of line and character of and simulated texture as well as the principle of informal balance PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS General knowledge of the elements and principles of design 		1,2,3 and 4
success.	, ,		
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	ARNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	.EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 HC1B: Compare and Contrast Artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural context. IC1A: Connect music/poetry and art. IC2A: Connect artwork to Events in the United States. 	
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS • IC2A: Connect artwork to Events in the United States.				
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Students will understand how to compare and contrast two works of art. Students will understand that there is a connection between written, performed and visual art forms. Students will understand that events and ideas in a culture (the US) are reflected in the artwork it produces 	Students will know how to compare/contrast two artworks in terms of: Time and place Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function Students will know how to discuss the connections between visual art and	 Students will be able compare and contrast artworks using a Venn diagram(or other graphic organizer) in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, materials, ideals/belief, and function Students will be able discuss the connections of their own visual art and sources from music and/or poetry. Students will be able discuss the concept of 		
	 connections between visual art and music/poetry. Students will know that art often reflects and/or direct events within a culture. 	art both directing and reflecting the events and ideas within a culture (the US) such as in its editorial cartoons, and/or other events based work.		

FACILITATING ACTIVI	TIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
 Present and lead strategies for comparing and contrasting artworks using a graphic organizer such as a Venn diagram. Present and/or provide examples of artwork from in terms of time, place, artist, subject matter, theme, characteristics, materials, ideals and belief, and function. Present examples of and facilitate discussion 	● Students use a graphic organizer or other strategy to compare/contrast two artworks in terms of : ○ Time and place ○ Artist ○ Subject matter and theme ○ Characteristics ○ Materials	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3 and 4
 about the relationship of visual art and music/poetry in a graphic design work. Present and/or provide examples of artwork that clearly reflects events and ideas in US history and current events. Participate in guided practice. 	 Ideals and belief Function Students will participate in discussions and/or reflections examining the connections of their own visual art and sources from music and/or poetry. Students will write a reflection or portionate in a discussion examining the 	
	participate in a discussion examining the concept of art directing and reflecting the events and ideas within a culture (the US) such as in its editorial cartoons, and/or other events based work.	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI	NNECTIONS	
 History and geography of the US Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and C from other classes or p experiences. 		
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Compare and Contrast Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, etc. Participation in discussions and presentations. 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. Students will take advisor instruction Students will take advisor instruction 			1,2,3, and 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 8

Unit Title: Painting Techniques and Processes

Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INST	TRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Heavy Paper appropriate for painting Paint brushes, water cups, paper towels Tempera and watercolor media Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device(s) and projector/screen drying Rack 		 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of painting as they create works of art and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDE	RSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
the stude	nding and using painting techniques and media that allow nts to express a variety of topics and subjects. Inding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles	shades, and other colors in my paintings?

of Design (color, value, movement, and shape) in painting.

- Understanding a selection of US artists(and work) known for painting.
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own paintings as well as that of others.

value? How can I use a variety of shapes? How can I use Rhythm?

- What US Painters can influence my own work?
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of paintings?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP1B	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1E, EP1F, EP2C, EP2D, EP1B	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1B: Create a vari	GLE: PP1B: Create a variety of colors, tints, and shades mixing pigments			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1E and 2C: Use c	omplementary colors and contrast			
	GLE: EP1F: Vary the Valu	e			
	GLE: EP2D: Use Progress	ive Rhythm			
	GLE: EP1B: Use Varied S	napes			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Skills; P			Skills; Products		
 Students will understand how to mix colors, tints and shades (varying the value) in painting Students will understand how to use complementary colors in painting and the resulting strong contrasts. Students will understand how to use a variety of shapes for both variety and rhythm 		 Students will know how to mix pigments effectively to vary the value into tints and shades and apply this to other colors as well. Students will know how achieve strong contrast through complements. Students will know how to use a variety of shapes Organic Geometric Free-form Students know how to achieve progressive rhythm. Students will know selected medium/media/materials (tempera, 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate incorporates varied value (including tints and shades), as well as other mixed colors. Students will create a painting that includes complementary colors. Students will be able to include the principle of progressive rhythm and variety of shape in their paintings. 		

	watercolor, brush types, etc).	
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEA	CHING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples or facilitate exploration of the use of: variety of shape varied value (tints and shades) progressive rhythm Color complements (high contrast) Demonstration of skills and techniques in the effective mixing of pigment to create tints, shades and other colors. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and plann (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Create an effective painting, or series paintings, that incorporate: variety of shape varied value (tints and shades progressive rhythm Color complements (high contrast) Create a painting focusing on effective mixing of pigment to create tints, shad and other colors. 	of)
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks.	 Elements and Principles of Design General painting approaches DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEAR 	How can I make my work better through organized self reflection? PNED3
nc	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STODENTS HAVE LEA	KNED!
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON FORMATIV OR SUMMATIV	(1-Pacall 2-Skill/Concent 2-Strategic Thinking
Project AssessmentsWritten Reflections	Summative	1,2,3, and 4

 Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions HOV	Summative Formative Formative V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LE	ARNED?		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4		
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design

REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1E and 2C: Identi	GLE: EP1E and 2C: Identify use complementary colors and high contrast		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1F: Identify and use varied value			
	GLE: EP2D: Identify use	progressive rhythm		
	GLE: EP1B: Identify and (use varied shapes		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Skills; Productions			Skills; Products	
considered selection Elements of Design an important comp • Students will under elements through a Principles of Design Progressive Rhythm	Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (color, value, shape) are an important component in painting. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design (Variety and Progressive Rhythm) is an important component in painting. Students will know the elements of: Color (complementary) Value (tints and shades) Shape (variety) Students will know the principles of design in their painting: Progressive Rhythm) is an important variety		 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to identify and use the following elements: Color (complementary) Value (tints and shades) Shape (variety) Students will be able to identify and use the following principles: Progressive rhythm variety 	
FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	

Octor (complementary) Olau (tints and shades) Oshape (variety) Oshape (variety) Olau (tints and shades) Oshape (variety) Oshape (variety) On progressive rhythm Ovariety INTERDISCIPUNARY CONNECTION Organizations to illustrate and identify the elements of illustrate and identify the principle of: Oprogressive rhythm Ovariety INTERDISCIPUNARY CONNECTION On Summative Organizations to illustrate and identify the clientents and principles of design INTERDISCIPUNARY CONNECTION On Summative Organizations to illustrate and identify the clientents and principles of design INTERDISCIPUNARY CONNECTION On Summative Organizations to illustrate and identify the clientents and identify the clientents and principles of design INTERDISCIPUNARY CONNECTION On Summative Organizations to illustrate and identify the clientents an	 Present and/or provide examples of the use of the following elements in paintings: Color (complementary) 	Participate in discussion and/or presentations to illustrate and identify the property of	record,	1,2,3 and 4
of the following principles in paintings: O Progressive rhythm O variety Participate in guided practice. Participate in guided practice. Progressive rhythm O variety INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS General knowledge of the elements and principles of design HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED? ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION PORMATIVE? ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS General knowledge of the elements and principles of design DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions Summative Formative Formative	Value (tints and shades)Shape (variety)	Color (complemValue (tints and	nentary)	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED? ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions O variety PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS General knowledge of the elements and principles of design Principles of design DOK TARGET OR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) Summative Formative	of the following principles in paintings: o Progressive rhythm o variety	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to illustrate and 		
Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED? ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? QR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions Promative Formative OR Summative Formative	Participate in guided practice.	,	thm	
any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED? ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions Promative Formative	INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? OR SUMMATIVE? OR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) OR Summative OR Summative OR Summative OR Summative Formative Formative	 any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum 		ne elements and	
OR SUMMATIVE? Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions OR SUMMATIVE? (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4 Summative Formative	H	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?	
 Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions Summative Formative	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	OR	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
Class discussions Formative	Written Reflections			1,2,3, and 4
	Class discussions			

HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	RNED?
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment)
	GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork/events from the United States

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. • Students will understand that methodically	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know the following	 Skills; Products Students will be able participate in a large or 	
 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own paintings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States a is an essential component of artistic growth. 	 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description (subjects, and the elements of color, value, shape) Analysis (variety, shape) Interpretation (themes, purposes) Judgment (as an example expressionistic, formalism). Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety of artists and artwork from the United States. Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and 	
	to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. Modern/Post Modern Trends	 expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. Modern/Post Modern Trend 	

FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Present and lead an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous painting Present and/or provide examples or facilitate exploration of the United States: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. Modern/Post Modern Trends Participate in guided practice.	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record a variety of artwork: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. 	1,2,3 and 4

	 Modern/Post M 	lodern Trends	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and Cultures known from other classes or personal cultural experiences. 		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take adva instruction Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr reflections 	ntage of the	1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Content Area: Visual Art

Course: Art 8

Unit Title: 3 D Techniques and Media

Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Low Fire Clay, Under-Glazes, Glazes, Kiln water cups, paper towels, Plastic Bags, Ware- boards as appropriate Silverware (or other clay tools!), craft sticks, etc. Tooling Sheet Metal Tagboard Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device(s) and projector/screen 	Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and perceptions about the world of sculpture and 3D work in general as they create works of art and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Understanding and using sculptural technique that allow the students to express a variety of artwork. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles 	 What technique do I need to create modeled work in clay and metal? What elements, texture, and principles of design of balance would help me the most in the creation of a sculpture?

- of Design in sculpture.
- Understanding the themes of Environment, Passage of time and the role of Functional work.
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own sculptures as well as that of others.
- What is Functional art? How could I express the passage of time and environment in my work.
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of 3D work?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP2A, PP3B, PP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
PP3B	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
GLE: EP1D,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
EP2A	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
НС1А, НС1В	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3B: Create a Fund			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	that give meaning to the	KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that modeling and carving are an important part of creating a functional object in clay. Students will understand the use of modeling in a variety of media Students will understand that the themes of environment and passage of time can be meaningful in sculpture. 		 Students will know various approaches for modeling in clay: Simple modeling Coil and slab building (additive) carving(subtractive) Students will know related vocabulary and concepts for ceramics Wedging, scoring, skipping, etc. Glazes, underglazes, etc Plastic, leatherhard, greenware, and routines for effective clay construction. Students will know a selection of functional sculpture types Students will know the themes of 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished sculpture through the use of sketching and planning in their sketchbooks Students will be able to create an effective functional, modeled ceramic sculpture. Students will be able create a modeled metalwork under the theme of passage of time and/or environment that incorporates invented texture and is balanced. Students will be able discuss processes and related vocabulary 	

EACHITATING ACT	environment and passage of time and related subject matter • Students know modeling in metal and related vocabulary · Chasing, repousse · Convex, concave · Informal balance · Invented texture	NG AND LEADNING
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES - STRATEGIES AND WETHOUS FOR TEACHT	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples or facilitate explanation of functional artwork in clay. Provide examples or facilitate explanation of modeled metalwork (repousse/chasing). Demonstration of approaches and routines working in clay and metal. Demonstration of skills, vocabulary, and techniques for hand building in clay. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations of related processes and vocabulary items for developed sculpture. Create a developed and effective functional, modeled ceramic sculpture Create a modeled metalwork under the theme of passage of time and/or environment which includes invented texture. Participate effectively in all demonstrations and studio routives. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Rough drafts, idea formation and planning	Elements and Principles of Design	How can I make my work better through

ideas when completing tasks.	 Different approaches to (carving, casting, model 	ing)	organized self reflection?
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?		
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advaring instruction Students will take advaring opportunity to re-do propertions 	ntage of the	1,2,3, and 4
HOWV	Possible Extensions/En		ARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1D: Identify and use Invented Texture		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP2A: Identify and	use informal Balance	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (invented texture) are an important component a sculpture. Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Principles of Design (Balance) are an important component a sculpture. 		 Students will know and be able to use invented texture in sculpture. Students will know and be able to use the principle of balance in sculpture. Informal Formal radial 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished work through the use of sketching and design. Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating invented texture and be able to identify it Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating the principle of balance and be able to identify it ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of invented texture in sculpture. Present and/or provide examples of balance 		 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the element of invented 	1,2,3 and 4

in sculpture. • Participate in guided practice.	texture and the principle Create finished/develop incorporating the element texture and the principle Identify the element of	ed sculpture int of invented e of balance. invented texture	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	and the principle of bala PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON		
 Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success 	General knowledge of the principles of design OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE		ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	N WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		:NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?		
Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDARD:			
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS	
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•	
3.0	The student:	•	
	•		
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content		
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•	
	Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:		
	Performs basic processes, such as:O		
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.		
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or		
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content		

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: HC1A: Identifying a	GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork/events from the United States			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: HC1B: Compare and	GLE: HC1B: Compare and Contrast works of Art			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Students will understand artwork from the United States that incorporates: Modeling Functionality 		 Students will engage in a selection of 3D work from the United States and recognize the level of its artistic qualities, including but not limited to: Native American functional 	 Students will be able identify and discuss sculpture created in the United States. Students will be able to effectively compare and contrast two functional sculptures. 		
 Students will understand comparing and contrasting works of art deepens the understanding of such work. 		artwork (effigy and other) including the Mississippian Culture. Repousse work (including Liberty			

	Leading the People)	
FACILITATING ACT	Students will know how to compare/contrast functional sculpture by: Time and place Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead/facilitate a presentation of 3D work from the United States including but not limited to: Native American functional artwork (effigy and other) including the Mississippian Culture. Repousse work (including Liberty Leading the People) 	 Participate in the discussions, activities, and/or presentations of sculpture that is: Native American functional artwork (effigy and other) including the Mississippian Culture. Repousse work 	1,2,3 and 4

 Present and lead/facilitate a presentation of approaches to compare/contrast functional sculpture by: Time and place 	Compare/contrast functby:Time and placeArtist	ional sculpture		
 Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function Participate in guided practice. 	 Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function 			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS		
Historical Connections to processes He	 Artists, Artwork, and Cu from other classes or pe experiences. OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE 	rsonal cultural	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Written Products Sketchbook entries and sketches/notes Teacher and student led discussions 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4	
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EAKNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: 0 	
	Performs basic processes, such as:O	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Color	
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

 Paper Oil Pastels Chalk Pastels Prismacolor Penci 	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand and be able to ap of art that shows color schemes and tone a Students will be able to produce a work of creativity, and efficiency.	ccurately.	
 Prismacolor Pencils Paint ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will be able to use color to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: Color wheel, primary, secondary, intermediate, monochromatic, analogous, triadic, complementary, warm/cool, split complement, double complement, intensity, shades, tints. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How will I use color in my artwork to expressively communicate ideas? How does color affect artwork? What colors schemes are available in art? What do artists try to achieve by using certain color schemes? How is color connected to the meaning of the art work? 		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Color			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3B, IPP3C			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A 			
	V.HC1A, V.HC1	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
Students will be able to use color to expressively communicate ideas		 Color wheel, primary, secondary, intermediate, monochromatic, analogous, triadic, complementary, warm/cool, split complement, double complement, intensity, shades, tints 	 Use color in artwork to expressively communicate ideas Use color to connect to the meaning of the art work Use color schemes correctly in a work of art 	
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples and in art Demonstrate skills and in art 	d explanation of color	 Create artwork demonstrating how color expressively communicates ideas Use different types of color schemes in artwork 	1, 2, 3, and 4	

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
		•
OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
	OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
	Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
	Summative	
	Formative	
W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
Possible Intervent	ions	
STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Students will take advarinstruction	ntage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
	_	
	ON W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent STUDENT LEARNING Students will take advarting instruction Students will take advarting opportunity to re-do pro-	Summative Summative Formative W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEAD Possible Interventions STUDENT LEARNING TASK • Students will take advantage of extra instruction • Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or

Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Line	
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will be able to produce a work of art that shows line variation accurately. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. Students will use a variety of line to express larger human emotions.
 Students will be able to use line to expressively communicate ideas Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: Outline, contour, Expressive/Abstract, hatching/cross, organic/geometric, implied: closure, line of sight, edge 	How do you use line to expressively communicate ideas? How will students use outline, contour, hatching/cross hatching, organic/geometric, and implied lines?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT? Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. **REFERENCE/STANDARD MAJOR SUPPORTING STANDARD STANDARD** i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and Χ IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes. IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying Χ art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern). IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal III.AP1A, III.AP2A Χ experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism. Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A Χ math, science, and social studies. Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an V.HC1A, V.HC1B Χ historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.

OBJECTIVE # 1	DBJECTIVE # 1 Line		
EFERENCES/STANDARDS • IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS ● IIEP1A, IIEP1B,		, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2E	3, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
	• III.AP1A, III.AP	2A	
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C	2A	
	• V.HC1A, V.HC	1B	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Use line to expressive	ely communicate ideas	Students will know outline, contour,	Use line in drawing
 Outline, contour, Exp 	oressive/Abstract,	Expressive/Abstract, hatching/cross,	Use lines to express ideas
hatching/cross, organ	nic/geometric,	organic/geometric, implied: closure,	 Recognize different types and personalities
implied: closure, line of sight, edge		line of sight, edge	of lines in artwork
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide examples and explanation of lines		Create artwork demonstrating line in an	1, 2, 3, and 4
in art		expressive manner	
Demonstrate skills ar	•	Use different type of lines in artwork	
INTERDISCIPLINARY	CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

Math			•
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project AssessmentsWritten ReflectionsClass discussions		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advaring instruction Students will take advaring opportunity to re-do preflections 	ntage of the Djects or	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/En		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Shape and Form	
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):	
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will be able produce artwork that accurately depicts a 3D form and/or a 2D composition displaying geometric and organic shapes. Students will be able to produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 	
 Students will be able to understand the difference between 2D shapes and 3D forms. Students will be able to distinguish between geometric and organic shapes and forms. Students will understand the difference between closed and open forms. 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How do I demonstrate 2D shapes? How do I demonstrate 3D forms? What are the differences between 2D and 3D artwork? What are the differences between geometric and organic shapes? What is the difference between open and closed 3D forms? What is the difference between relief and sculpture in the round? 	
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?	

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

DBJECTIVE # 1 Shape				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS • IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C				
		3, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F		
	• III.AP1A, III.AP2			
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C2	2A		
	• V.HC1A, V.HC1	В		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students demonstrate an understanding of the differences between 2D shape and 3D forms. Students demonstrate the difference between organic and geometric shapes and forms. 		Three-dimensional, relief sculpture, sculpture in the round, open/closed, 2D	 Create a sculpture (relief or sculpture in the round) that uses a variety of geometric and organic shapes as well as closed and open forms. 	
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide examples and	•	Create artwork demonstrating 2D	1, 2, 3, and 4	
shapes and 3D forms in artDemonstrate skills and techniques		shapes and 3D formsUse different type of shapes and forms		
		and the analysis and the second		

in artwork		
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
		•
HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
TON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
	OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
	Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
	6	
	Summative	
	Formative	
W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	ITS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
Possible Interver	ntions	
STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Students will take advainstruction	antage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
Students will take adva	antage of the	
opportunity to re-do p	rojects or	
_	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD TION W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interver STUDENT LEARNIN Students will take adva instruction Students will take adva	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARN FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Formative Formative W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEAR Possible Interventions STUDENT LEARNING TASK • Students will take advantage of extra instruction

Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

UNIT TITLE: Space

UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

COURSE: Intro to Art

A STATE OF THE STA	
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Paint Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will understand the principles that guide the concept of space in art in order to create a work of art that exhibits a sense of spacial depth through the use of atmospheric and linear perspective. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Students will be able to use space to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: positive and negative and atmospheric perspective. Students will be able to use overlapping, value, color, scale, and detailing to create a sense of spatial depth. 	 How do you use atmospheric perspective, overlapping, placement, scale, value, color intensity, and detailing to create a sense of depth?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?					
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	X			
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.				
IPP3C					
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х			
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,				
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).				
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,					
IIEP2F,					
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х			
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of				
	artwork through art criticism.				
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х			
	math, science, and social studies.				
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х			
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.				

OBJECTIVE # 1	Space
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, III.AP1A, III.AP IV.1C1A, IV.1C V.HC1A, V.HC1 	2A	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
Concepts; essential truths that topic; ideas that transfer of	t give meaning to the	KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products
 Use of space to give a depth Use of atmospheric perelationship to color assense of depth How to use overlapping detailing to create a second 	rspective in nd value to create a g, placement, scale,	 Atmospheric Perspective Overlapping Placement Detailing Color and value intensity Vanishing point Positive space Negative space 	 Create a landscape that uses atmospheric perspective, overlapping, placement, detailing, scale, color and value intensity to create a work of art Use space to express a concept
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	NAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and in art Demonstrate skills and 		 Create a work of art demonstrating an accurate use of atmospheric perspective and space concepts overlapping, placement, scale, 	1, 2, 3, and 4

	detailing, and value/co	lor intensity	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math			•
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Written Reflections		1, 2, 3, and 4
ном	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	IS HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advanged instruction Students will take advanged opportunity to re-do propertions 	ntage of the	1,2,3, & 4

WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Students will demonstrate more	3,4
complex methods or concepts in their	
	STUDENT LEARNING TASK Students will demonstrate more



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Texture	
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils Oil Pastels Chalk Pastels Prismacolor Pencils Paint 	 Students will be able to produce a work of art that shows simulated or actual texture accurately. Students will be able to produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 		

 Mix Media, Fabric 						
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:				
	 Students will be able to understand the difference between How do I demonstrate implied texture? 					
implied and actua	I texture.	How do I demonstrate actual texture?				
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAI	ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?			
	Standards, Concepts, Cont	ent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standar	ds that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			STANDARD	STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and		Х			
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.					
IPP3C						
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ide	as through artworks by selecting and applying	Х			
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, tex	cture and space) and principles (balance,				
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, an	d pattern).				
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,						
IIEP2F,						
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal		Х			
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyz	e, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of				
	artwork through art criticism.					
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,		Х			
	math, science, and social studies.					
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an		Х			

historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.

OBJECTIVE # 1	TEXTURE		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		2A	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. • Students demonstrate an understanding of the differences between implied		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY How to create simulated texture and actual texture from various media	Skills; Products Create simulated and implied textures in 2D media
(simulated) and actual texture			 Creating actual texture on a sculpture or combination of 2 and 3D artwork
	FACILITATING ACT	TVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and implied and actual te Demonstrate skills ar 	xture in art	 Create artwork demonstrating implied texture Create artwork demonstrating actual texture 	1, 2, 3, and 4

	Use different types of the second secon	exture	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COM	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
			•
н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written Reflections Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
ном	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAD	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take adva	ntage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
and examples.	instruction		
Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take adva 	_	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do pr	ojects or	
	reflections		
HOW V	reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	EARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4



N.	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Value	
	COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

WATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will produce a work that shows accurate value depiction. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency.
NDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Students will be able to use line to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: scale, shadow, light and chiaroscuro 	 How do you use accurately use value in artwork? How will you use value to depict a 3D form? What are the different formats used to create value?
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	TAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?
Standards, Concepts, Co	ontent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skins, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		317.11.127.11.12	31711071110
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of		
	artwork through art criticism.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	VE # 1 Value		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2	2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
	• III.AP1A, III.AP2	2A	
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C2	2A	
	• V.HC1A, V.HC1	В	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Use value to depict 3	D forms.	• Scale	Use value in drawing
 Use value appropriat 	ely in artwork.	ShadowLightChiaroscuro	Use value to show shadows and highlights
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	HING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples an in art 	d explanation of value	 Create artwork demonstrating how value depicts 3D forms 	1, 2, 3, and 4
 Demonstrate skills ar 	-	 Use different type of value in artwork 	
INTERDISCIPLINARY	CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

Math						
н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?			
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4			
HOW	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions					
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage instruction Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do propertions 	tage of the ojects or	1,2,3, & 4			
HOW W	Possible Extensions/Enr		AKNED!			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET			

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Assemblage
COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper-mache Plaster / Plaster strips Clay / Clay tools Found materials Cardboard, Paper Wire Glaze ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	 Students will demonstrate additive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Artwork in the round Relief (high and low) Form and Texture (Elements) Principles of Design 'Architecture' of an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing) Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 	 How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art? How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art? How is 3D art assembled and constructed? How do we analyze and interpret artwork?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?					
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary					
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS						
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х				
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.					
IPP3C						
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	X				
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,					
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).					
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,						
IIEP2F,						
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	X				
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.					
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х				
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х				

OBJECTIVE # 1	Assemblage				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	·	1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP: EP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1 WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IC2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY • Day of the Dead	Skills; Products Create sculpture through assemblage techniques		
 Artwork in the round Relief (high and low) Form and Texture (Elements) Principles of Design 'Architecture' of an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing) Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 		 Richard Notkin (teapots) Johnson Tsang (Surrealist sculptor) Carrie Reichardt Andy Goldsworthy (Natural materials) Judy Chicago Kinetic Sculpture (Calder) 	with a variety of materials. For example: Hand-building (coil and slab) Paper-mache Plaster Found materials construction Wheel Throwing Cardboard, Paper construction Wire sculpture Glazing Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.		
	FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		

 Teacher will discuss examples of art and artists. Teacher will give practical demonstration of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	Coil-built vessels Slab-built sculpture (tea pots, whimsical mugs) Paper-mache calacas or pinatas Composite thrown forms Functional work Mosaic Mobils		1,2,3,4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Science: chemical properties of clay, balance, tensile strength of materials 	Elements of Art		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Coil-built vessels Slab-built sculpture (tea pots, whimsical mugs) Paper-mache calacas or pinatas Composite thrown forms Functional work Mosaic Mobils 		Summative & Formative	1,2,3, & 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Interventi		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING TASK		TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW W	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L 	1,2,3, & 4 EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Assemblage	
	Topic: Clay, Wood, Metal, Recycled Material, Fabric	, Wire, and more
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance	Sample Tasks
Score	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success. The student:	 Create a creative cup through slab/coil hand- building process inspired by the art field of product design.
3.0	 Will utilize the assembly process effectively using multiple sculpture and clay media (clay/ceramics, wire, papier-mâché, or wood). Effective execution of the assembly process: exhibits good craftsmanship, 	 Create an architectural model inspired by reusable/sustainable resources using found objects or basal wood. Reference Frank Gehry and Antoni Gaudi
	material is used appropriately (e.g., clay does not have air bubbles, plaster is not clumpy, papier-mâché properly adheres assembled parts together etc.), sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance.	Research a culture and create a papier-mâché
	• Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for the particular material (e.g., in regard to papier-mâché the student builds an armature, applies additional material such as masking tape and newspaper, and finally the last layer of paste and glue to unify the material)	• Create a mix media found object sculpture
	 Exhibits understanding of wheel throwing using the concepts of centering, pulling clay walls, and compositing pieces together 	 Create an expressive self-portrait bust Create a mosaic based on artist Antoni Gaudi and Nicki De Saint Phalle
Score 2.0	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	 Assemble a mobile (using wire) inspired by sculptor Alexander Calder Create a Day of the Dead Calaca inspired by Hispanic art and culture
	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	 Create a teapot through assemblage in the style of Richard Notkin Create a surreal sculpture in the style of
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	Johnson Tsang

	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	 Create an artwork using found objects in the style of Carrie Reichardt Create an artwork with natural materials in the style of Andy Goldsworthy Create a part or whole installation work based on social issues in the style of Judy Chicago
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	-
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Principles of Design	
	Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and I	Movement.
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The student:	
3.0	 Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety. 	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the	
2.0	student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	
	ideas and processes.	
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,	

		balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score			
1.0	and processes.		
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Expressive Communication	
	Topic: Conceptualism	
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied. Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion. Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner. Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. • The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	

	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Craftsmanship	
		Topic: Aesthetics	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0			Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The s	tudent:	
3.0	•	Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product.	
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without	
		falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing soapstone, etc.).	
	•	Completing the full process for all materials and media used.	
	•	Completing projects.	
	The s	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
~	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score		are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,	
2.0		ver, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and	
	proce	sses.	

	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	core With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Art Criticism	
		Topic: Critique	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	, I		Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	The	will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge learned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work of others.	
		The state of the s	
	2.5	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
Score 2.0		No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content re are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: ever, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and	

	 processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.		
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	Core With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



ío.	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Carving
	COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Soapstone Plaster Clay Soap Wood Glazing 	 Students will demonstrate subtractive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- Principles of design
- Relief Sculpture
- Sculpture in the round
- Subtractive techniques
- Finishing techniques (i.e. sanding and smoothing)

- How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art?
- How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art?
- How is 3D art constructed through subtractive techniques?
- How do we analyze and interpret artwork?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Assemblage				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS • IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIII.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERST	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Principles of design Relief Sculpture Sculpture in the round Subtractive techniques Finishing techniques (i.e. sanding and smoothing) 		Art History: o Relief: Greek, Mesopotamian, Hindu, Native American o New Zealand, Africa, South America(Wood carving)	Create sculpture through carving and subtractive techniques with a variety of materials. For example:		
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING		
TEACHER INSTRUCT	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
artists.	ss examples of art and practical demonstration	Students will create 3D artwork such as: • Non Objective sculpture	1,2,3,4		

of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth.	Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for • African masks • Totems				
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS		
 Science: properties of materials Social Studies: Greek, Mesopotamian, Hindu, Native American, New Zealand, Africa, South America 	Elements of Art		•		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?		
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Non Objective sculpture Woodcut printmaking African masks Totems Storytelling through relief/carving 		Summative, & Formative	1,2,3, & 4		
	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	RNED?		
	Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. 	 Students will take advar instruction 	ntage of extra	1,2,3, & 4		

Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	Students will take advantage of the	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Carving					
	Topic: Clay, Wood, Plaster, or Soap Stone					
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture	I &	II		
Score 4.0	, 1			Sample Tasks		
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.				
Score 3.0	The s	and clay media (clay/ceramics, soap, plaster, soapstone, foam blocks, or wood).	•	Create a non-objective sculpture using soapstone Create a sculpture based on indigenous art from New Zealand, Africa, and South America using wood Create a vase that displays low, medium, and high relief using clay Cast Plaster of Paris and carve a sculpture (realistic, abstract, or non-objective)		

Score 2.0	 Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for the particular material (e.g., in regard to soapstone, chisel large pieces off, carve soapstone, file using a filing tool, and lastly sand to reveal the natural shine of the material) No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	
Coore	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content With help a partial understanding of some of the simplest details and precesses and some of the	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.0	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0	,,, or order a series and a series	

Strand: Principles of Design				
Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and Movement.				
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II			
Score In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Sample Tasks				
4.0	Without assistance.			

	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.
Score	The st	tudent:
3.0	•	Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety.
	The st	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content
Score		e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the
2.0	stude	nt, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex
	ideas	and processes.
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score 1.0	and pr	
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
Score 0.0	Even w	rith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.

		Strand: Expressive Communication			
		Topic: Conceptualism			
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II			
Score	re In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Sample Tasks				
4.0		Without assistance.			
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.			
Score	The s	student:			
3.0	•	Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or			

	theme studied.
	 Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion.
	 Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner.
	 Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the
2.0	student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex
	ideas and processes.
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.
	 Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.
G	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.

	Strand: Craftsmanship			
	Topic: Aesthetics			
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II			
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. ,	Sample Tasks		

	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
	The st	tudent:	
3.0	•	Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the	
		product.	
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art	
		work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without	
		falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure	
		parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing	
		soapstone, etc.).	
	•	Completing the full process for all materials and media used.	
	•	Completing projects.	
	The st	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
		e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,	
2.0	howev	ver, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and	
	proce		
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has	
		applied them simplistically.	
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,	
		balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used)	
		needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that	
		keep the project from being fully realized.	
		keep the project from being runy realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score		elp, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and	
1.0	process 0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score		vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
DOUL	LIVEII W	in help, no undersumaning or shin uchionsumou.	

Strand: Art Criticism
Topic: Critique

		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In add	dition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In	addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The stud	lent:	
3.0	1	Will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge earned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work of others.	
	• \$	Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided template.	
		The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
		o major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	However processe		
		The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	
	• A	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	t	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, palance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
		artial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	processes.	, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and	
~		Tith help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with	help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics

UNIT TITLE: Casting

UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Plaster & Plaster Strips Wax Glaze 	 Students will demonstrate subtractive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Principles of design Relief sculpture or sculpture in the round Slip casting Wax Casting Casting with plaster strips 	 How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art? How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art? How is 3D art constructed through casting techniques? How do we analyze and interpret artwork?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		

IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III AD4 A III AD2 A	Autistic Beneartions: Vieware reapond anotherically to artworks based upon their personal	.,	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Casting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		P1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP EP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.	1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, 1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Principles of design Relief or in the round Slip casting Wax Casting Plaster strips 		Modern/Post-modern Art o Henry Moore o Jasper Johns o Bruce Nauman o George Segal o Abstract/ nonobjective Sculpture	Create sculpture through casting techniques with a variety of materials. For example: • Mold Making • Casting hands, and face • Model of a monument • Relief casting Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
artists.	ss examples of art and practical demonstration de practice time.	Students will create 3D artwork such as:	1,2,3,4

 Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	 Casting a relief sculpt 	ure	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Science: properties of materials Communication Arts: analyzing and discussing artwork as a means of communication 	Elements of Art		•
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Mold Making Casting hands, and face Model of a monument Relief casting 		Summative, & Formative	1,2,3, & 4
ном	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advanged instruction Students will take advanged opportunity to re-do presented in the presented in the students will take advanged in the students will be students with the students will be students with the students will be students will be	ntage of the	1,2,3, & 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4		
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their			
	artwork and their reflections.			

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Casting				
	Topic: Creating Casts and Mol	ds			
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I	I			
Score In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond taught. Without assistance.		was Sample Tasks			
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	Cast hands and face. Possible			
Score 3.0	The student: Will utilize the casting process and produce a work of art with purpos thought, creativity, and symbolic imagery	paint casts using symbols that are important to students			
	 Effective execution of the casting process: exhibits good craftsmans material is used appropriately (e.g., plaster, tape, clay, papier-mâché, e sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance. 	Johns or Bruce NaumanStudy the masters and create a cast that is inspired by an artist the student has researched			
	 Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for particular material 	found objects) to cast hands and face to			
Score 2.0	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processe the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the				

	 more complex ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to 	Cast figures using packing tape and create installations using figures to discuss larger concepts relevant to their community and the larger world
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	
Score 1.0 Score 0.0	 1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated. 	

		Strand: Principles of Design	
		Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and I	Movement.
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In a	addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	The s	Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety.	
	The s	student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	Ther	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the	
2.0	stude	ent, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	

	 ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 		
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.		
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.		
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.		
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content		
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.		
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content		
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.		

	Strand: Expressive Communication		
	Topic: Conceptualism		
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II		
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks	
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.		
Score 3.0	 Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied. Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion. Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner. Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work. 		
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content		

Score 2.0	studer		
		keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.		
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even w	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Craftsmanship			
		Topic: Aesthetics		
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II		
Score 4.0	In a	addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. ,	Sample Tasks	
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.		
Score	The s	student:		
3.0	•	Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product.		
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing soapstone, etc.).		

	Completing the full process for all materials and media used.				
	Completing projects.				
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.				
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content				
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,				
2.0	however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and				
	processes.				
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has 				
	applied them simplistically.				
	 Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. 				
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, 				
	balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used)				
	needs improvement.				
	-				
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that				
	keep the project from being fully realized.				
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content				
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and				
1.0	processes.				
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content				
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.				
0.0					

	Strand: Art Criticism				
	Topic: Critique				
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II				
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	 Sample Tasks Class critique of peer artwork Critique of professional 			
Score	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success. The student:	artwork			
3.0	 Will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge learned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work of others. 				

	Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided template.	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	
2.0	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and	
	processes.	
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. 	
	 The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and	
1.0	processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0		



5	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Modeling	
	COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper-mache Plaster / Plaster strips Clay / Clay tools/glaze 	 Students will demonstrate modeling sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-

Cardboard, PaperWireGlaze	 round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates.
 Artwork in the round Relief (high and low) Form and Texture (Elements) Principles of Design 'Architecture' of an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing) Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art? How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art? How is 3D art assembled and constructed? How do we analyze and interpret artwork?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STAND ARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDAR D	SUPPORTIN G STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	

III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Modeling
REFERENCES/STAND ARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2B, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS

GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Principles of design Relief Sculpture Sculpture in the round Throwing on the wheel Centering, Pulling, Finishing techniques 	 Avant-garde sculptures François Auguste René Rodin (Thinker) Other cultures' influence on ceramics (i.e. China) Contemporary ceramicists and their work 	Create sculpture through modeling techniques with a variety of materials. For example: Clay Wheel Throwing Glazing Plaster / Plaster strips Cardboard, Paper Wire Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.
FACILITATING ACTIVIT	TIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TE	ACHING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will discuss examples of art and	Students will create 3D artwork such as:	1,2,3,4

 artists. Teacher will give practical demonstration of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	 Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mu Bust relief (self portrait) Creating game pieces (i Functional Sculpture Coil-built vessels 	•	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Science: properties of materials	Elements of Art		•
HOW	DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	TS HAVE LEA	RNED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIF		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE ?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mugs, Teapots Bust relief (self portrait) Creating game pieces (i.e. chess) Functional Sculpture Coil-built vessels 		Summative & Formative	1,2,3, & 4
HOW WIL	L WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE NOT L	EARNED?
	Possible Intervention	ns	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advan instruction Students will take advan opportunity to re-do projereflections 	tage of the	1,2,3, & 4

HOW WILL V	VE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREAD	Y LEARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARG		DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

		Strand: Modeling Topic: Clay, Plaster, and Papier-mâché	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.		Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	 Create an expressive bust using
Scor e 3.0	•	 Will utilize the modeling process and produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and symbolic imagery Effective execution of the modeling process: exhibits good craftsmanship, material is used appropriately (e.g., slip and score, blending, reshaping and reimagining material using clay, plaster, papier-mâché), sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance. 	 clay Study gothic architecture and art and create a gargoyle using papier-mâché Create a vase based on Greek vessels and art Wheel throwing: create artifacts that serve a functional purpose such as Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mugs, Teapots Create a slab box with a variety of
		student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	relief images. Possible themes to
Scor e 2.0	as tl	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content are are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes he student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding more complex ideas and processes.	explore include: identity and storytelling Model wire and other material to

	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	create a mobile based on artist Alexander Calder Model a shoe out of clay
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	Model a shoe out of clay Model a house or architectural space out of clay
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. 	 Functional Sculpture Creating game pieces (i.e. chess)
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Principles of Design	
	Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm a	nd Movement.
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Scor e 3.0	 Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety. 	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Scor e 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	

	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important
	aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more
1.0	complex ideas and processes.
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.

	Strand: Expressive Communication				
	Topic: Conceptualism				
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II				
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks			
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.				
Scor e 3.0	 Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied. Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion. Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner. Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work. 				
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content				
Scor	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as				

e 2.0	the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. 	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Craftsmanship			
	Topic: Aesthetics				
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II			
Scor e 4.0	, , ,		Sample Tasks		
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.			
Scor	cor The student:				
e 3.0	•	Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product.			
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces			
		using plaster, sanding and polishing soapstone, etc.).			

	Completing the full process for all materials and media used.	
	Completing projects.	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Scor	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as	
e 2.0	the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more	
	complex ideas and processes.	
	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but	
	has applied them simplistically.	
	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to	
	engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which	
	the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects	
	that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Art Criticism	
	Topic: Critique	
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Scor e 3.0	 The student: Will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge learned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work of others. 	

Scor e 2.0	the st	Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided template. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as tudent: However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more plex ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects	
	1.5	that keep the project from being fully realized.	
Score		Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0		elp, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	0.5	ex ideas and processes. With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
		With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	⊏ven v	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition
COURSE: Ceramics and Sculpture 1 & 2	UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):

• Newsprint		Students will be able organize and arrange	the content of	an artwork
Charcoal		using a variety of the principles of design a	nd composition	al concepts.
 Drawing Pencils 				
Cante				
Paper				
 Paint (acrylic, wat 	ercolor, etc.)			
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
Master the use of	naterials and media to produce works of art. drawing or painting media to render form and pth while displaying a strong use of line quality	 What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strowork of art? How do I effectively use the principles of d strong composition? 		-
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate	ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP3A, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, su	bject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying			х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	IEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,			
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,				
IIEP2F				

Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal

experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of

Χ

IIIAP: 1A, 2A

artwork through art criticism.

IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: S	till Life	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	EP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
shows an accurate principles of design Use compositional overlapping, size value.	layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground	 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCT	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 	-	 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTI	ONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math	Elements of Design		•
Н	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS H	AVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		RMATIVE OR MMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Sum	mative mative native	2, 3, 4
HOW	I WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAN	/E NOT LEAR	NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW V	 Students will take advantage of instruction Students will take advantage of opportunity to re-do projects reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE APPOSSIBLE Extensions/Enrichmen 	of the or ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)

UNIT TITLE: Breadth

UNIT DURATION: 1 Year

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Watercolor/Mix-Media Paper
- Paint Brushes
- Paints: watercolor, printing ink, india ink, acrylic, gouache etc.
- Multisurface paper (newspaper, tracing paper, patterned paper)
- Ink
- Tacky Glue
- Plaster
- Textiles
- Camera
- Computers

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will create 12 artworks (8 art works for 3D) that show a range of ideas and approaches to art making that display a concrete understanding of the elements and principles of design and a variety of concepts and media

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Twelve slides of a series of works organized around the visual concept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and quality of execution of work.
- Design Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, form, space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and movement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony and unity) are utilized successfully; there is strong evidence of the

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts?
- How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used ?
- Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship?
- Does your work exhibit technical competence and skill with a variety of media?

- artist's plan or organization of thought, and the basic assignment criteria are met or exceeded.
- Creativity-The work is conceptually innovative, the materials used and the process of creating the work are inventive, or the work is simply quite original.
- Craftsmanship-Time and care are taken to create a piece that feels finished and is well made — it doesn't seem to the viewer that the work was "slapped together in a hurry."

Does your image have good quality?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Breadth				
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS					
UNDERSTA	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths th topic; ideas that transfe	-	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 How to create a body connects to a central based on the artist's Art is driven by the a inspirations Application of design principles A respect for craftsm effective use of medical display of artwork) 	I concept or theme interest artist's interests and elements and	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application 	 Abstractions from urban environment Design related to psychological, historical, or narrative events Works showing color theory such as Fauvism, expressionism, or color-field painting Redesign an everyday object with humor Self-portrait as a favorite industrial product Fabric design with symbolic imagery Redesign a current product image or logo Lettering and type design Poster design with literary or conceptual associations—travel, national identity, sports, endangered animals CD or album design Seedpods and forms evolving from them Design a deck of cards Graphic designs for school theater productions, yearbooks, and so on Composition based on art historical research Fashion and costume design Digital altering or layering of photographic images 		

FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	 Exploration of line properties; for example, graffiti, Japanese calligraphy Environmental design Story or poem illustration
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art from various artists who have created a body of related work Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create a distressed artwork using fast orange Create artwork based on translucent surfaces like textile artist Rosie James Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies sowing or string in some capacity Create artwork using a variety of paper surfaces such as newspaper, pages from a book, pattern paper, and more Create an artwork that applies various watercolor techniques Create artwork that utilizes printmaking techniques such as relief or screen printing 	1, 2, 3, and 4
 INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups 	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Elements and Principles of Art	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS •

Geography: identify locations on a map			
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions Class critiques 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
		Formative	
	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advaring instruction Students will take advaring opportunity to re-do properture reflections 	ntage of the ojects or	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS I Possible Extensions/Eni		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their 	3,4
	artwork and their reflections.	



Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)

UNIT TITLE: Concentration

UNIT DURATION: 1 Year

MATERIALS / INSTI	RUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:
-------------------	------------------------------------

- Watercolor/Mix-Media Paper
- Paint Brushes
- Paints: watercolor, printing ink, india ink, acrylic, gouache etc.
- Multi-surface paper (newspaper, tracing paper, patterned paper)
- Ink
- Tacky Glue
- Plaster
- Textiles
- Camera
- Computers

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will create 12 artworks that show a sustained, deep, multiperspective investigation of a student selected topic

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Twelve slides of a series of works organized around the visual concept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and quality of execution of work.
- Design Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, form, space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and movement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts?
- How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used?
- Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship?
- Do the 12 artworks in your concentration relate to each other in an

and unity) are utilized successfully; there is strong evidence of the artist's plan or organization of thought, and the basic assignment criteria are met or exceeded.

- Creativity-The work is conceptually innovative, the materials used and the process of creating the work are inventive, or the work is simply quite original.
- Craftsmanship-Time and care are taken to create a piece that feels finished and is well made — it doesn't seem to the viewer that the work was "slapped together in a hurry."

obvious manner?

• Does your photograph have good image quality?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,	Х	
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	

historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Concentration		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	•		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAI	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths tha topic; ideas that transfer	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 How to create a body connects to a central of based on the artist's in Art is driven by the artinspirations Application of design of principles A respect for craftsmate effective use of mediate display of artwork) 	concept or theme nterest tist's interests and elements and	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to analyze their own to decipher the connection between all of the artworks represented in their area of concentration 	 Design and execute a children's book Design a series of identity products for imaginary business (logo, letterhead, signs, boxes) Artwork based on current events and images Series of works starting with representational interpretations and evolving into abstraction Exploration of pattern and designs found in nature and/or culture Abstractions developed from cells and other microscopic images A personal or family history communicated through symbols or imagery A series of fabric designs, apparel designs, or weavings on a theme Use of multiple modules to create compositions that reflect narrative or psychological events

		 Series of landscapes that use color and composition to intensify artistic expression A body of work inspired by art and artist from the past
FACILITATING ACT	FIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS	FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASI	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art from various artists who have created a body of related work Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create a distressed artwork orange Create artwork based on trasurfaces like textile artist Ro Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies string in some capacity Create artwork using a varies surfaces such as newspaper, a book, pattern paper, and n Create an artwork that applied watercolor techniques 	nslucent sie James sowing or ty of paper pages from nore
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECT	TIONS INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Hence the cultures of the cultures of different groups	Elements and Principles of Ar OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS I	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON FO	DRMATIVE DOK TARGET OR

 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions Class critiques 		SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative Formative	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, and 4
		Formative	
HOV	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?
	Possible Intervention	ons	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING '	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advant instruction Students will take advant opportunity to re-do progreflections 	age of the	1,2,3, & 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS H	AVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enri	chments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING T	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	Students will demonstrat complex methods or con-		3,4



Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)

UNIT TITLE: Quality

UNIT DURATION: 1 Year

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Watercolor/Mix-Media Paper
- Paint Brushes
- Paints: watercolor, printing ink, india ink, acrylic, gouache etc.
- Multi-surface paper (newspaper, tracing paper, patterned paper)
- Ink
- Tacky Glue
- Plaster
- Textiles
- Camera
- Computers

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Twelve slides of a series of works organized around the visual concept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and quality of execution of work.
- Design Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, form, space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and movement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony and unity) are utilized successfully; there is strong evidence of the artist's plan or organization of thought, and the basic assignment criteria are met or exceeded.
- Creativity-The work is conceptually innovative, the materials used and the process of creating the work are inventive, or the work is simply quite original.
- Craftsmanship-Time and care are taken to create a piece that feels

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will create and submit 5 art works of high quality (12 digital images of 4 art works with up to 3 different views of each) that demonstrate mastery of design in concept, composition, and execution

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts?
- How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used?
- Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship?
- Does your photograph have good image quality?

	ell made — it doesn't seem e ed together in a hurry."	to the viewer that the			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?					
	S	tandards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocab	ulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS:	Content specific standards that will be addressed i	n this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C		: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by es and processes, subject matter, and themes.	selecting and	X	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	art elements (line, shape	ents and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying lements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.			X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.			X	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.			Х	
OBJECTIVE # 1	Quality			l	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDER	STAND?	KNOW?	BE A	BLE TO DO?	

Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 How to create a body of work that connects to a central concept or theme based on the artist's interest Art is driven by the artist's interests and inspirations Application of design elements and principles A respect for craftsmanship and an effective use of media (clean execution and display of artwork) 	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to analyze their own to decipher the connection between all of the artworks represented in their area of concentration 	 Design and execute a children's book Design a series of identity products for imaginary business (logo, letterhead, signs, boxes) Artwork based on current events and images Series of works starting with representational interpretations and evolving into abstraction Exploration of pattern and designs found in nature and/or culture Abstractions developed from cells and other microscopic images A personal or family history communicated through symbols or imagery A series of fabric designs, apparel designs, or weavings on a theme Use of multiple modules to create compositions that reflect narrative or psychological events Series of landscapes that use color and composition to intensify artistic expression A body of work inspired by art and artist from the past Abstractions from urban environment Design related to psychological, historical, or narrative events Works showing color theory such as Fauvism,

FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	expressionism, or color-field painting Redesign an everyday object with humor Self-portrait as a favorite industrial product Fabric design with symbolic imagery Redesign a current product image or logo Lettering and type design Poster design with literary or conceptual associations—travel, national identity, sports, endangered animals CD or album design Seedpods and forms evolving from them Design a deck of cards Graphic designs for school theater productions, yearbooks, and so on Composition based on art historical research Fashion and costume design Digital altering or layering of photographic images Exploration of line properties; for example, graffiti, Japanese calligraphy Environmental design Story or poem illustration
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art from various artists who have created a body of related work 	 Create a distressed artwork using fast orange Create artwork based on translucent 	1, 2, 3, and 4
Demonstrate skills and techniques	surfaces like textile artist Rosie James	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	 Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies sowing or string in some capacity Create artwork using a variety of paper surfaces such as newspaper, pages from a book, pattern paper, and more Create an artwork that applies various watercolor techniques PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS 		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map 	Elements and Principles of Art		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions Class critiques 	Written ReflectionsClass discussions		1, 2, 3, and 4
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW W	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking) 4=Extended Thinking)



Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: African Art

UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):	
 Textiles Ink (India and printing) Paper Paper mache/Paper/glue Plaster 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various African cultures and create work based on this understanding. 	
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:	

- Use of textiles in various African cultures
- Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in African art
- Principles of Design and application in African art

- What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from African cultures?
- How do I apply African processes and concepts to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group?
- How are the Principles of Design used in African art?
- What contribution has African art made to European art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDAND
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	African Art		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F		
	III.AP1A, III.AP2A		
	IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A		
	V.HC1A, V.HC1B		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
 Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Use of textiles and sculptures in various African cultures Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and 		 Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know various African cultural symbols used in printing textile Students will know the tribal 	 Skills; Products Create an artwork based on textiles from African art Use African imagery to convey meaning
images in African cult		connections to African art	Be able to analyse African art
 The differences in culture between the various regions of Africa Principles of Design and application in African art 		 Students will understand storytelling associated with various art from African cultures Students will know the spiritual use of art in African cultures 	 Differentiate between various African cultures across the continent
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIF	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Provide examples and explanation of art from various African cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups 	 Create a textile based on African art (weaving, batik, and printing) Create a sculpture or mask based on African art Create a painting that exhibits influences of African sculptures and textiles PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Elements of Art 		1, 2, 3, and 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
 Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 				
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4	
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET	

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4



Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: Asian Art

UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

- Printmaking
 - o Lino/Woodcut
- Paint
- Ink
- Specialty brushes (calligraphy and landscape)
- Textiles

BIG IDEA(S):

 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various Asian cultures and create work based on this understanding.

 O Dying O Printing on textiles ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Symbolism/Storytelling and importance of nature of objects and images in various Asian cultures Printmaking and painting process from Asian art Principles of Design and application in Asian art 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of art from different Asian cultures? How do I apply printmaking processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in Asian art? How does nature influence Asian art? What contributions has Asian art made to European art?
--	---

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	

IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Asian Art			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 			
	,	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAI	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
 Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Printmaking as used by the Asian cultures. Landscapes as they applied to Asian art. Use of Textiles in Asian art. 		 Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know printmaking techniques Students will recognize and use textiles in their artwork. Students will know the Principles of Design and their application 	 Skills; Products Preform printmaking techniques Use landscape to convey meaning Be able to analyse Asian art 	
		Students will be able to give and analyse		
examples of Asian artwork FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide examples and explanation of art		Create landscapes	1, 2, 3, and 4	

from various Asian cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices	 Printmaking Textile application PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONI Elements of Art Principles of Designs 	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS •
нс	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
ном	ANUL ME DECROND IS STUDENT	Formative	DNED2
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT: Possible Interventi		KNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. Students will take adv Students will take adv 			1,2,3, & 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Content Area: Visual Arts

Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: European Art

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Paint Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various European cultures and create work based on this understanding.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 The historical context of the Renaissance movement and Spirituality How the Patron system worked during the Renaissance era 	 What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of art and architecture from different European cultures?

- Architecture and art in various European cultures
- The use of 2-point linear perspective
- Principles of Design and application in European art

- How do I apply European and Renaissance concepts to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group?
- How are the Principles of Design used in European art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
	artwork through art chilosin.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	European Art	

III.AP1A, III.AP		3, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
IV.1C1A, IV.1C		
·	2A	
1/11/04 / 1/11/04	10	
V.HC1A, V.HC	IB	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
eaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
tuations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
Use of spirituality in Renaissance art		Use one or two-point perspective and
nce art	Overlapping	atmospheric perspective to create a
The functions of the patron system in the		cityspace
	S	 Use space to express a concept
in the	,	
	_	
1		
ation in	·	
CILITATING ACT	•	NG AND LEARNING
11 // T 1/	CTUDENT LEADANNE TACK	DOWTARGET
IVIIY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
	eaning to the tuations. The art the stem in the in the art th	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY The art Overlapping Placement Placement Detailing In the Color and value intensity Octogonal lines Vanishing point Positive space Negative space One-Point Perspective CILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIL

Provide examples and explanation of art from various European cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques	Create a cityscape demonstrating an accurate use of linear and atmospheric perspective and space concepts overlapping, placement, scale, detailing, and value/color intensity PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		1, 2, 3, and 4		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION		NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS		
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of the Renaissance era Math: perspective 	• Elements of Art				
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?		
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4		
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,		

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L 	1,2,3, & 4 EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4

complex methods or concepts in their

artwork and their reflections.



Content Area: Visual Arts

on more complex methods or concepts.

Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Columbian

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Printmaking Paper Mache Clay Bark Painting Mosaic Tiles Paint Glaze 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of art within various Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Colombian cultures and create work based on this understanding.

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Use of various media used in various Latino/Hispanic cultures
- Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various Latino/Hispanic cultures
- Principles of Design and application in Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Colombian art

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Latino/Hispanic cultures?
- How do I apply Latino/Hispanic processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group?
- How are the Principles of Design used in Latino/Hispanic art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Colombian				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
 Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Latino/Hispanic cultures Latino/Hispanic processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? Principles of Design 		 Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know printmaking, sculpture, bark painting, murals, mosaics, and installation. Students will know the Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Latino/Hispanic artwork 	 Skills; Products Printmaking techniques Painting Sculpting techniques Create murals Construct Mosaics Build installations Use Latino/Hispanic imagery to convey meaning 		
	Be able to analyze Latino/Hispanic art				
FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING					
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		

 Provide examples and explanation of art from various Latino/Hispanic cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create prints Create murals Create mosaics Create sculptures Create installations Create bark painting 		1, 2, 3, and 4	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	Elements of Art		•	
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4	
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING T		TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	

		4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4		
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		

artwork and their reflections.



Content Area: Visual Arts

Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: Middle Eastern

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Mosaic materials 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of art and artifacts within various Middle Eastern/Islamic cultures and create work based on this understanding.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- Use of ceramics in various Middle Eastern cultures
- Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various Middle Eastern cultures
- Principles of Design and application in Middle Eastern art

- What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Middle Eastern cultures?
- How do I apply Middle Eastern processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group?
- How are the Principles of Design used in Middle Eastern art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of		
	artwork through art criticism.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Middle East/Islamic			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
(N.A.) culturesSymbolism/Storytelli images in various N.A	 ceramics, or papier-mache Students will know the Principles of Design and application in N.A. Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Native American artwork meaning Be able to analyse Middle Eastern articles Build ceramics vessels Construct mosaics Use tessellations to create motifs and 		 Use Middle Eastern imagery to convey meaning Be able to analyse Middle Eastern art Build ceramics vessels 	
FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide examples and	d explanation of art	Create a functional ceramic vessel	1, 2, 3, and 4	

 from various Native American cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	Create a mask using paper-mache or paper engineering techniques PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Elements of Art		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS •
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
 ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, and 4
		Formative	
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	IS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	Students will take advanged instructionStudents will take advanged		1,2,3, & 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or				
	reflections				
HOW	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their 	3,4			
on more complex methods of concepts.	artwork and their reflections.				



Content Area: Visual Arts

Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: Native-American

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paper mache/Paper/glue Plaster 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various Native American cultures and create work based on this understanding.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use of ceramics in various Native American (N.A.) cultures Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various N.A. cultures Principles of Design and application in N.A. art 	 What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Native American cultures? How do I apply Native American processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in Native American art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X		
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	X		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Native American Art			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F			
	• III.AP1A, III.AP	ZA		
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C	22A		
	• V.HC1A, V.HC2	1B		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
Use of ceramics in various Native American		Students will know assembly techniques	Construct a form	
(N.A.) cultures		such as coil-building and slab-building	 Use Native American imagery to convey 	
 Symbolism/Storytelli 	•	ceramics, or papier-mache	meaning	
images in various N.A. cultures		Students will know the Principles of Design and their configuration.	Be able to analyse Native American art	
 Principles of Design and application in N.A. art 		 Design and their application Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Native American artwork 		
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide examples and	•	Create a functional ceramic vessel	1, 2, 3, and 4	
from various Native American cultures • Create a mask using paper-mache or				

paper engineering tech	niques	
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Elements of Art		•
OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
	Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
	Cummativa	
• Class discussions		
W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
Possible Intervent	ions	
STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Students will take advar	tage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
instruction		
	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON • Elements of Art OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE ON W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent STUDENT LEARNING • Students will take advanting instruction • Students will take advanting tak	Elements of Art OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARN! ON FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Formative Formative N WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEAF Possible Interventions STUDENT LEARNING TASK • Students will take advantage of extra

	reflections			
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: History/Movements	
	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able to identify and analyse artwork from various cultures, i.e. Asian, Hispanic, Latin American, Native American, etc. Will create objects based on their understanding of these cultures. 	•
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Students will be able to identify, compare, and contrast art from given cultures. 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	complex ideas and processes.0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Scoro		-
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Principles of Design	
	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	The student: Will understand and be able produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of design. Produces a work of art with purposeful thought exectivity, and efficiency.	•
	 Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • recognizes or recalls specific terminology such as: • Balance, pattern, dominance/emphasis, unity, rhythm/movement, and variety. • performs basic processes, such as:	•
	 Identification of terms Produces a work of art with some assistance However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content 	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Topic: Native American Art	
		Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.		Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able produce a work of art that depicts a specific message or conveys a meaning to their audience. Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 		•
Score	2.5 Ther	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and	•
2.0	processes as the student: • performs basic processes, such as: • Produces a work of art with some assistance However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.		
Carra	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Score 0.0		with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Two-Dimensional and Three-Dimens	sional
	Topic: Native American	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 Will understand and be able produce a 2D and a 3D work of art that accurately depicts the distinct qualities of each. Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	•
. <u> </u>	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • recognizes or recalls specific terminology such as: • Three-dimensional and two-dimensional • performs basic processes, such as: • Identification of terms • Produces a work of art with some assistance However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
_	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. O.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Topic: Native American Art				
Level: World Art					
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks			
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.				
Score 3.0	 Will understand and be able to define, identify, and use appropriate medium/media Produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	•			
Score	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content				
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•			
	 Students will be able to define medium/media, recognize different kind Produce a work of art with some assistance 	s			
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.				
Score	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content				
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.				
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content				
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.				



Content Area: Visual Arts

Course: World Art

UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition

UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):

• Newsprint		Students will be able organize and arrange	the content of	an artwork	
Charcoal		using a variety of the principles of design a	nd composition	al concepts.	
 Drawing Pencils 				-	
Cante					
Paper					
 Paint (acrylic, wat 	ercolor, etc.)				
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
Master the use of	naterials and media to produce works of art. drawing or painting media to render form and pth while displaying a strong use of line quality	 What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in a work of art? How do I effectively use the principles of design in an artwork to create a strong composition? 			
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?		
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate	ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х		
IPP3A, IPP3C applying media techniques and processes, su		, ,	^		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1B, IIEP1F, IIEP1B, IIEP1F, IIEP1B, IIEP1F, IIEP1B, IIEP1B, IIEP1F, IIEP1B, IIEP1B, IIEP1B, IIEP2B, IIEP2B			х		
IIEP2F					

Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal

experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of

Χ

IIIAP: 1A, 2A

artwork through art criticism.

IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	EP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Create artwork with subject matter that shows an accurate and evocative use of the principles of design Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. 		 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 	•	 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECT	TIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Math	Elements of Design		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	HAVE LEARNE	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		ORMATIVE OR MMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Sur	nmative nmative mative	2, 3, 4
HOW	I WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HA Possible Interventions	VE NOT LEAR	NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	K	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW V	 Students will take advantage instruction Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do projects reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE Possible Extensions/Enrichm 	of the s or E ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	K	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

COURSE: Photography

UNIT TITLE: Camera Functions

UNIT DURATION: entire semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:		BIG IDEA(S):		
Camera and acces	ssories	In order to take good photos, a photog	rapher must know	how to work the
• Computer		camera.		
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	DINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Photographers m 	ust know all of the functions and manual settings	How do you adjust the exposure settin	gs on a DSLR camer	a?
on a DSLR camera	that control exposure and file management.	How do you access the battery and memory card on a DSLR camera?		
		 How do you switch lenses on a DSLR ca 	mera?	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS U	NIT?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD	
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and		Х	
	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			
OBJECTIVE # 1	Camera Functions		l	

EFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C			
. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERST	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
oncepts; essential truths th topic; ideas that transfe		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
Photographers must know all of the functions and manual settings on a DSLR camera that control exposure and file management.		JpegWhite balanceSD cardLens release	Adjust a DSLR camera to create quality photographs in any environment.	
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEAC	HING AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCT	IONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking	
			4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide definitions a different camera but Demonstrate the loc camera buttons and 	ttons and functions cations of different	Demonstrate to classmates the different locations and functions of certain parts of the camera.	3 & 4	
different camera butDemonstrate the loc	ttons and functions cations of different functions.	different locations and functions of		

A one-on-one hands-on test where students	demonstrate for the teacher	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
certain functions of the camera and how to a replace the lens, adjust the shutter speed, et	•	SUMMATIVE	1, 2 & 3	
HOV	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?	
	Possible Intervent	ions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide more in-class practice .	Students will take adva	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3 & 4	
and examplesTeacher will provide more resources (i.e.				
websites or books)	 Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or 			
,	reflections			
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS I	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Provide students with instructions on how	Students prepare a pho		4	
to prepare a photograph for possible	possible inclusion into t	he district art		

inclusion in the district art show.	show.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

UNIT TITLE: Elements of Design

COURSE: Photography UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: • Camera and accessories		BIG IDEA(S):			
		The content in a photograph is comprised of different elements of design.			
Computer					
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
 Photographers us 	e different elements of design to effectively	What are the elements of design?			
communicate thr	ough their photographs.	How do I effectively use the elements of de	esign in my pho	tographs?	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?		
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD		lards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING	
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		<u> </u>	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
•		lards that will be addressed in this unit.			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	lards that will be addressed in this unit.		STANDARD	
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	Product and Performance: Artists communicate applying media techniques and processes, so	lards that will be addressed in this unit.		STANDARD	
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate applying media techniques and processes, so	lards that will be addressed in this unit. e ideas through artworks by selecting and ubject matter, and themes. deas through artworks by selecting and applying	STANDARD	STANDARD	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Elements of Design

REFERENCES/STANDARDS • IPP1C			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS • IIEP1A, IIEP21B, III	EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
Photographers use different elements of design to effectively communicate through their photographs FACULTATING ACT.	 line shape form color value texture space 	Create photographs that effectively use different elements of design	
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	HING AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide definitions and examples of the different elements of design Discuss different methods of using/capturing each of the elements of design in photographs 	 Taking photos that demonstrate the different elements of design 	3 & 4	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
•	•	•	

HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?						
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
certain photos Students take photos that specifically demonst	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1 & 2 3 & 4			
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions					
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction and/or AIP Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1, 2, 3 & 4			
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments						
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			

 Provide students with instructions on how 	 Students prepare a photograph for 	4
to prepare a photograph for possible	possible inclusion into the district art	
inclusion in the district art show.	show.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

UNIT TITLE: Exposure

COURSE: Photography UNIT DURATION: entire semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTION	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
Camera and accesComputer	sories	 Photographers must adjust shutter speed, proper exposure in their photographs. 	aperture and IS	O to achieve
Shutter speed, aperture and ISO settings all affect how the camera captures and displays light.		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How do shutter speed, aperture and ISO each individually affect the light coming into the camera? How does changing one exposure setting (shutter speed, aperture or ISO) affect the others? How do I use exposure settings to achieve a specific look in my photos? 		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.		MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Exposure		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans,	= =	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Shutter speed, aperture and ISO settings all affect how the camera captures and displays light.		 Shutter speed aperture f-stop ISO Light meter 	Create photographs with proper exposure.
	FACILITATING ACT	TVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
shutter speed, ape Bring students to lo school that have di	ocations within the fferent types of lighting ctice using the light	 Practice using the light meter to set proper exposure in different lighting situations around the school. Take photos using high and low settings for shutter speed, aperture and ISO and then analyze the results. 	3 & 4

 Instruct students to take photos using high and low settings for shutter speed, aperture, and ISO. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION 	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
-2			
•	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED2
•	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STODE	INTO TIAVE ELANINI	LD:
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Students take and submit properly exposed photos from several different school locations. Students take a written test over exposure settings. Every summative photo project turned in during the semester has part of its grade determined by the exposure in the photographs. 		FORMATIVE SUMMATIVE	1 & 2 1, 2 & 3 3 & 4
ном	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAD	DNED 2
HOV	Possible Intervent		(NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take adva instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr 	ntage of the	1, 2, 3 & 4

	reflections				
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?					
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET				
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
		a photograph for into the district art	4		
CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts		UNIT TITLE: Photo Edi	ting		

COURSE: Photography

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
Camera and accessComputer	sories	Photo editing software can be used to enhance	nce photos.	
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	NGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Photographers use photo editing software programs to correct exposure and imperfections in photos. 		 How do I use photo editing software? What tools in photo editing software do I use to correct exposure? What tools in editing software do I use to fix imperfections? 		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?		
Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING

UNIT DURATION: 2 weeks

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IVIC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Photojournalism		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	IPP1C IVIC2A		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS Concepts; essential truths		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products
topic; ideas that transj	= = =	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skiiis, Pioducts
Photographers use photo editing software programs to correct exposure and imperfections in photos.		 Photoshop Levels Spot Healing Brush Tool Dodge Burn Jpeg Resolution Selective color Cut outs 	 Use photo editing software to correct exposure in photos. Use photo editing software to correct imperfections in portraits. Use photo editing software to create works with selective color and cut outs.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
explain photo editi	and presentations to ng tools. o editing tools on the	 Complete practice photo editing activities. 	3 & 4

projector.			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	•		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Students use photo editing software to create color and cut outs, corrected exposure and co	-	SUMMATIVE	3&4
ном	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	NED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
			4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take adva instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do preflections 	intage of the	
 and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	instruction and/or AIPStudents will take adva opportunity to re-do presented.	ntage of the ojects or	4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4
 and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do preflections 	entage of the rojects or HAVE ALREADY LE	4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4
 and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do preflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	ntage of the rojects or HAVE ALREADY LE	4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4

		4=Extended Thinking)
Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible inclusion in the district art show.	 Students prepare a photograph for possible inclusion into the district art show. 	4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts

COURSE: Photography

UNIT TITLE: Photojournalism

UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Camera and accessories	Photojournalism is the art of telling stories with photographs.
Computer	
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Photojournalistic photos capture action, reaction, emotions and relationships. 	 How do I prepare myself to shoot a live event? How can visual composition affect the meaning of a photo? What are different types of photojournalism?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IVIC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Photojournalism		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IVIC2A		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERST	rand?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Photojournalistic photos capture action, reaction, emotions and relationships.		 Street photography Photo essay Action Reaction Emotion relationships 	Take accurate and well-composed photos at events.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCT	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
photos.	, readings and sample ethods to prepare for	 Complete readings and bookwork about photojournalism. Discuss and analyze photojournalistic pictures with classmates. 	3 & 4
INTERDISCIPLINAR	Y CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•		•	•

н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Students take photos at school events.		SUMMATIVE	3&4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) Students will take advanta instruction and/or AIP Students will take advanta opportunity to re-do projections 		ntage of the	1, 2, 3 & 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS I	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enr	ichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible	Students prepare a pho possible inclusion into t		4

inclusion in the district art show. show.	
---	--



IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,

CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design
---------------------------	----------------------------------

COURSE: Photography UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTION	MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: BIG IDEA(S):			
Camera and accesComputer	ssories	 The content in a photograph is arranged and organized using different principles of design. 		ing different
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
<u> </u>	e different principles of design to effectively ough their photographs.	 What are the principles of design? How do I effectively use the principles of the pr	of design in my nho	ntographs?
communicate tin	<u> </u>	TAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UN		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	lards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate applying media techniques and processes, se			Х

IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	
OBJECTIVE # 1	Principles of Design	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C	

Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Photographers use different principles of design to effectively communicate through their photographs	 balance contrast emphasis pattern proportion/scale unity/variety rhythm/movement 	Create photographs that effectively use different principles of design
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEAC	HING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking) 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide definitions and examples of the different principles of design Discuss different methods of using/capturing each of the principles of design in photographs 	Taking photos that demonstrate the different principles of design	3 & 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Quiz where students define the principles of design and identify them in certain photos Students take photos that specifically demonstrate each of the principles of 		FORMATIVE	1 & 2
design (balance, contrast, emphasis, pattern, unity/variety, rhythm/movement)	proportion/scale,	SUMMATIVE	3 & 4
ном	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples	 Students will take advantage instruction and/or AIP 	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3 & 4
 Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do promote and the students of the	_	
110141	reflections	IANE ALDEADY IS	ADMEDS
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS I		AKNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible	Students prepare a pho- possible inclusion into t		4

inclusion in the district art show.	show.
Content Area: Visual Arts Course: Drawing and Painting I and II	UNIT TITLE: Expressive Communication UNIT DURATION: 8 Weeks
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper Watercolors Acrylic Paints Oil Pastels Chalk Pastels Linoleum, vinyl India ink Printmaking Ink 	 Students will be able to define, identify and apply cultural and social concepts as they apply to art. Students will define, identify, and apply art in an expressively communicative manner.
INDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Students will familiarize themselves with cultural a concepts as they apply to art. Students will understand how art can expressively ideas. 	How do artist use materials to communicate concepts and ideas?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD

IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
	orposition and the control of the co		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	X	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F			
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	X	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of		
	artwork through art criticism.		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	X	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Expressive communication: cultural concepts				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
Using cultural conc communicate in an	•	How different cultures use art to express communication	 Create a work of art based on a social issue of the students choice Create an expressive portrait Use design concepts and art media to express larger concepts and ideas. 		
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING		
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Provide examples a expressive art Demonstrate skills 	•	 Produce art that expressively communicates ideas Produce work influenced by cultural and 	2, 3, 4		

	social concepts		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
History	Elements of Design		
Language Arts			
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	2, 3, 4
Written Reflections		Cummativa	
Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOW	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interver		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take adva	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3, 4
and examples.	instruction		
Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take adva 	_	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do p	rojects or	
	reflections		
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/E	nrichments	

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Course: Drawing and Painting I and II

UNIT TITLE: Observational Drawing (Figure Drawing)

UNIT DURATION: 3-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper 		 Students will be able to draw the human figure with an attempt at reusing scales and proportion, while using a wide range of value and/or color to show depth and produce a work of quality. 		
displays accurate	aterials and media to produce works of art that	• How can I use value to show a 3D form and show depth?		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	x	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Figure Drawing		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C		
i.c. dee, cee, integ, inds	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A 		
	• VHC: 1A, 1B		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans,	-	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Drawing the human form.		 How to use value to create depth Proper proportions and scale of the human figure How to use color to show depth How to create a realistic human form Show movement and expression through the human form 	Draw a realistic human form with correct proportions and scale
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
•	and explanation of a	Produce a realistic as well as expressive figure	2, 3, 4
realistic figure and	proportions of the	figure	

human formDemonstrate skills and techniques			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Math	Elements of Design		
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1, 2, 3, 4

Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4		



Course: Drawing and Painting I and II

UNIT TITLE: Media Exploration

UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Watercolors	 Students will be able to define and identify a variety of media to produce
Acrylic Paints	a work of art.
Oil Pastels	
Chalk Pastels	
Charcoal	
• Cante	
Linoleum, vinyl	
India ink	
Printmaking Ink	
White Pen	
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art.	 How do different media and materials perform in the visual arts? What are different types of media and materials I can use to produce art?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X		
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х		
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Media Exploration		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A 		
	IVIC: 1A, C2AVHC: 1A, 1B		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art.		 Watercolor techniques Acrylic paint techniques Printmaking techniques Mixed Media techniques Collage technique 	 Produce a work of art using various media techniques.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a from various media Demonstrate skills 		 Produce a work of art using various media techniques. 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Science	Elements of Design		•
History			
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	2, 3, 4
 Written Reflections 			
 Class discussions 		Summative	
		Formative	
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	Students will take advar	itage of extra	1, 2, 3, 4
and examples.	instruction		
 Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	Students will take advantage of the		
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or		
	reflections		
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
Possible Extensions/Enrichments			

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4



Course: Drawing and Painting I and II

UNIT TITLE: Observational Drawing

UNIT DURATION: 3-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:		BIG IDEA(S):		
 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper 		 Students will be able to draw subject matter (i.e. still life) with an attempt at realism using scales and proportion, while using a wide range of value and/or color to show depth and produce a work of quality. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art. Master the use of drawing or painting media to render form and give illusion of depth while displaying a strong use of line quality and mark making. 		 How will I use proportion and scale to draw How can I use value to show 3D form and of How can I use color to create depth? 	•	ubject matter?
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD

IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	х	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS*	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transf	-	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Drawing a subject matter with accurate proportion Use chiaroscuro to create a realistic depiction of observed subject matter 		 How to use value to create depth Accurate proportions and scale of subject matter How to use color to show depth How to create a realistic still life 	 Draw a realistic still life with correct proportions and scale Draw a photograph based on the art movement of photorealism
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEAC	CHING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCT	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 		Produce realistic still life	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINAR	RY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
MathHistory		Elements of Design	•

HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?					
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Written Reflections		2, 3, 4		
HOV	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	NED?		
	Possible Intervent	ions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1, 2, 3, 4		
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		

 Teacher will provide extended instruction on 	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



Course: Drawing and Painting I and II

UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition

UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Newsprint 		Students will be able organize and arrang	e the content of	an artwork
Charcoal		using a variety of the principles of design	and composition	al concepts.
 Drawing Pencils 				
Cante				
Paper				
 Paint (acrylic, wat 	ercolor, etc.)			
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Use a variety of m 	naterials and media to produce works of art.	What are the principles of design?		
 Master the use of 	drawing or painting media to render form and	What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in a		
give illusion of de	pth while displaying a strong use of line quality	work of art?		
and mark making		How do I effectively use the principles of	design in an artw	ork to create a
		strong composition?		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI	T?	
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTI		SUPPORTING	
			STANDARD	STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS				
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and x			
IPP3A, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			

IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,	х	
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F			
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
shows an accurate principles of design Use compositional overlapping, size value.	layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground	 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 	-	 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNEC	TIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math	Elements of Design		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	HAVE LEARNE	:D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		ORMATIVE OR JMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Sur	mmative mmative rmative	2, 3, 4
HOW	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HA		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	K	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW V	 Students will take advantage instruction Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do project reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE Possible Extensions/Enrichn 	e of the s or E ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	K	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Advertising
COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: 3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Adobe Creative Suite Relief Printmaking Plates Silk Screen ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: 	Students will be able to understand how to analyze and create effective advertisements and advertising campaigns for products they develop or those that currently exist. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use a variety of Software, materials and media to produce works of art. To communicate clear ideas or themes through the use of text. 	 What is a logo and what purpose does it serve? What is a slogan and what purpose does it serve? What is product recognition and how can it be achieved? What is typeface personality and how can typography be used to effectively communicate the appeal and sentiment of a product? What are the principles of design and how can they be used to attract a viewer to the product or concept being advertised? What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in an advertisement? What features or concepts should be considered when designing a product and its advertisement? What is a target audience (market segmentation) and how does it influence the design of an advertisement?

•	What are the	formats an	advertisement	can be seen?
---	--------------	------------	---------------	--------------

• How can you make a advertisement interesting, evocative, and lasting?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		3771137113	317111271112
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	х	
IPP3A, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F			
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	Х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	Х	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
accurate and evocatypography and pri Use the elements of and texture) to man advertised appealing. Use compositional overlapping, size various foreground and backer relationships), and Design a logo and sappropriate for the	inciples of design of art (line, color, value, ke a product being ing to its target audience layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground cropping. clogan that is product being racts the target audience	 Principles of Art Effective use of typeface/font Target Audience (Market Segmentation) Logo and Slogan Color Theory Formats/Platforms for advertising (posters, billboards, mail, magazine, web ads, and TV and radio) 	 Redesign a product and its logo and slogan using effective layout composition and principles of design making it evocative to a given audience. All students design an evocative poster for the same given product using the principles of design and effective compositional layout Create an original advertisement for your favorite product that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

			4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art that incorporates typography into an images and communicates clear ideas through the use of text Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION 	Creating and evocative artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of the principles of design, compositional concepts, and typography PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		1, 2, 3, 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	Elements of Design		•
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION)N	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
ASSESSMENT SESCIMI TION		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
Written Reflections			
Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOW	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	I IS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNIN		TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice Students will take advantage		ntage of extra	1, 2, 3, 4
and examples. instruction			

Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	Students will take advantage of the				
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or				
	reflections				
HOW	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4			
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their				
	artwork and their reflections.				



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Illustration
COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: 3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Adobe Creative Suite Storyboarding Digital imaging Using Drawing Tablets 	Students will be able to understand how to create effective Illustrations they develop or those that currently exist.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use a variety of Software, materials and media to produce works of art. To communicate clear ideas, stories, or themes through the use of 	 What is an illustration and what purpose does it serve? What are the principles of design and how can they be used to create an illustration?

images.	What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in an
	illustration?

- How can an artist communicate a story clearly through the use of illustrations?
- Where do artists get their ideas or concepts?
- How does a person fully develop these concepts?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	х	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	х	

Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.				
Observational Drawing: St	:ill Life	l		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			2F	
rAND? That give meaning to the fer across situations.	KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,			
ment that shows an tive use of the imagery esign fart (line, color, value, se a enhance the illustration layout concepts such as criety, contrast between eskground (figure/ground cropping.	Principles of Art Composition/Layout Concept Development Storytelling through images	 composition and it interesting to a literating to a book control book that clearly Create a function with box cover, a create illustration story, or graphic then create the literation composition. 	d principles of de a given audience over for a real or y depicts the boomal board game game pieces, and ons to accompant on a Movie concept art to pieces.	esign making e. r imaginary oks theme complete d rules ny a short or TV series
	Observational Drawing: St IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEI IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B AND? That give meaning to the er across situations. ment that shows an live use of the imagery sign fart (line, color, value, e a enhance the llustration ayout concepts such as riety, contrast between kground (figure/ground cropping. In that accompanies a	Observational Drawing: Still Life IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, I IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS AND? **Rat give meaning to the er across situations.** **Practs, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY* **Principles of Art* Composition/Layout Concept Development Text (line, color, value, e a enhance the Illustration ayout concepts such as riety, contrast between kground (figure/ground cropping. in that accompanies a	Observational Drawing: Still Life IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2E, IIIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2E, IIIEP2E, IIIE	Observational Drawing: Still Life IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS AND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO? Act give meaning to the er across situations. ACADEMIC VOCABULARY The entitle of the imagery sign art (line, color, value, e a enhance the llustration awout concepts such as ricety, contrast between kground (figure/ground cropping. In that accompanies a IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Composition, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Design an album cover using efficient in interesting to a given audience it interesting to a given

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples and explanations of art that incorporates illustrations and communicates clear ideas or stories through the use of these images Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. 	 Creating and evocative artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of the principles of design, compositional concepts, and illustration 	1, 2, 3, 4	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
•	Elements of Design	•	
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEAR	NED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, 4	
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	ARNED?	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW V	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY IN Possible Extensions/Enrichments 	1, 2, 3, 4 LEARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4



more complex methods or concepts.

CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition
COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: Semester

complex methods or concepts in their

artwork and their reflections.

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper Paint (acrylic, watercolor, etc.) 	Students will be able organize and arrange the content of an artwork using a variety of the principles of design and compositional concepts.

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art.
- Master the use of drawing or painting media to render form and give illusion of depth while displaying a strong use of line quality and mark making.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What are the principles of design?
- What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in a work of art?
- How do I effectively use the principles of design in an artwork to create a strong composition?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

reference/standard i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP2 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	EP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
UNDERS		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf	-	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
shows an accurate a principles of design Use compositional overlapping, size value.	layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground	 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCT	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 	•	 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math	Elements of Design	•
НС	DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LE	ARNED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE	(1-Posall 2-Skill/Consent 2-Strategic Thinking
Project AssessmentsWritten ReflectionsClass discussions	Summative Summative Formative	
ном	Possible Interventions	LEARNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books HOW V	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREAD Possible Extensions/Enrichments 	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



UI CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts
UNIT TITLE: Typography
UI COURSE: Creative Graphic Design
UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTION	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):								
Adobe Creative SuSilk Screen	te	 Students will be able to create and use typeface to organize and arrang the content of an artwork using a variety of the principles of design and compositional concepts. 								
of art.	NGS: ftware, materials and media to produce works ear ideas or themes through the use of text.	 What is the difference between a serif and How can typeface (font family) be used to What is typeface personality? How can typ What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strowork of art? How do I effectively use the principles of d strong composition? 	communicate a eface display a ng arrangemer	personality?						
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT								
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary								
REFERENCE/STANDARD	CTANDARDS. Content energific stand	ndards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING								

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	х	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life										
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP2 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, I WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F								
UNDERS Concepts; essential truths t		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products								
topic; ideas that transf	-	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills, Floudets								
shows an accurate a typography and pri Use the elements of and texture to create design Use compositional overlapping, size value.	of art (line, color, value, ate an original typeface layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground	 Principles of Art Effect of typeface/font Leading Lines Tracking Kerning Alignment 	 Create an original typeface using the elements and principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping 								
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING								
TEACHER INSTRUCT	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)								
Provide examples a that incorporates t	ind explanation of art cypography into an	 Creating artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of text 	1, 2, 3, 4								

 images and communicates clear ideas through the use of text Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION 	within a piece of art. • Creating artwork that coclear ideas using typefact Lines, Tracking, Kerning, PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	e, Leading, Alignment.	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• H	Elements of Design OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	• ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, 4
HOV	N WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage instruction Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do proceed of the composition of	tage of the	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?											
Possible Extensions/Enrichments											
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET									
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)									
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4									

Visual Art Grade Level Expectations

The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 requires state assessment systems to test students in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science, but the law does not require state-level testing in fine arts. Nonetheless, fine arts remain an integral component of the public-school curricula, and we believe these Expectations provide a valuable tool for local educators.

Art GLEs are grade level benchmarks for the Fine Arts Content Standards in the *Show-Me Standards for Missouri Schools*. It is expected that 80% of students will demonstrate proficiency at the GLE level. As school district's build curriculum documents, it is understood that concepts and skills should be introduced at earlier grade levels, assessed at the GLE level, and continue to be reviewed/reinforced at later grade levels. At each grade level, students should be able to demonstrate the GLEs from previous years as well as those specified for the current grade. Emphasis is placed on skill refinement and increasing control of each media. Students are expected to grow in their ability to select art materials which are best suited for creatively communicating their ideas.

K-5

GLEs are based upon teaching at least 30 minutes per week of half-day Kindergarten art and at least 50 minutes per week of art in grades one through five (or six if in an elementary building).

6-8

GLEs are based upon teaching at least 1500 minutes per year of art in each grade. Depending upon the school's schedule, this art could be alternating periods for a year, or a full semester in each of the three grade levels.

Note: If a district offers only one art course for middle school / junior high, the teacher will follow GLEs for 6th grade.

9-12

GLEs are based upon teaching a full unit of art credit for four consecutive years. Since middle school art is not a pre-requisite to enrollment in high school art, the sequence for content and skills is built upon elementary GLEs. The GLEs are written for four sequential years of general art (2-D & 3-D). Schools may choose to offer four levels/four full years of general art, four years (eight semesters) of different media-specific courses (Drawing, Ceramics...), or a combination of the two. If a district offers media-specific courses such as Drawing or Ceramics, then the teachers select and expand GLEs that are appropriate to their specific media.

Applying Visual Art Grade Level Expectations to District Curricula

When e.g. precedes a list, DESE expects that districts/teachers will select from the list or use similar content.

Safe Use and Responsible Care of Art Tools and Materials

Use tools and art materials in a safe and responsible manner. (Show-Me Standards: FA1; National Standards for K-12: 1d)

Essential Understandings for Strands

Strand	Essential Understanding
Product-Performance	Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.
Elements and Principles	Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements and principles.
Artistic Perceptions	Viewers' respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the quality of artwork through art criticism.
Interdisciplinary Connections	Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.
Historical and Cultural Context	Visually literate citizens understand the role and functions of art in history and culture. Artists influence and are influenced by the cultures and time periods in which they live.

1. Select and apply two-dimensional media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
۸	Grade												
Α.	K												
	Produce a line	Fill an area with	Change	Layer two or	Create light,	Create texture	Use pencil or	Use a variety of	Create even,	Create smooth,	Create a range	Create a range	Select and apply
	using crayon,	solid color/value	pressure to	more colors	medium, and	or surface	marker to draw	media such as	continuous, and	continuous	of 7 smoothly	of 10 smoothly	drawing media

		pencil, or marker	using crayon, pencil, or marker	create two values using crayon or pencil	using crayon, colored pencil, or oil pastel	dark values using pencil	quality using any drawing media	a continuous line that describes an object from	pencil, pastels, color sticks, and/or markers to create	graduated tones using pencil or colored pencil	value through even pressure	graduated values through varied pressure	graduated values through varied pressure	and techniques that demonstrate
								observation	simulated/ implied texture		Create a range of 4 smoothly graduated values through varied pressure	Blend values/colors to create new values/colors	Create a range of 7 graduated values using hatching, crosshatching, and stippling	 sensitivity and subtlety in use of media engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking
											Define edge through variations in pressure or	Combine a change in value/color with texture	techniques Use hatching,	informed decision- making
											angle Use media in	Create a range of 4 graduated	crosshatching, and stippling to create texture	
	ving										various ways to create simulated and invented textures	values using hatching, crosshatching, and stippling techniques	Use an eraser as a tool to create a range of values	
	Drawing										Use a ruler to create parallel, perpendicular, and converging lines	Use an eraser as a tool to change a value	Demonstrate proficiency using 4 drawing media (e.g., pencil, charcoal, conte, pastel, oil pastel, marker, pen and	
											Demonstrate proficiency using a single drawing media	Use blending tools such as stumps and tortillons to modify values	ink, colored pencils)	
R		7										Demonstrate proficiency using 3 drawing media (e.g., pencil, charcoal, conte, pastel, oil pastel, marker, pen and		2

National	VA 1												
Standards													
Show-Me	FA 1												
Standards	=												
Staridards													

1. Select and apply two-dimensional media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
.	Not assessed at	Apply paint with	Paint lines with	Apply paint in	Apply	Mix a variety of	Using opaque	Use a variety of	Create a variety	Mix	Mix	Select and use	Select and apply
		a dragging, not	control of the	even strokes to	watercolor paint	hues to create	paint, overlap	brush strokes to	of colors, tints,	tempera/acrylic	tempera/acrylic	paint	painting media
		00 0					' '		, ,			'	

Painting	this level	pushing motion	Clean paint brush before changing colors Mix two colors to create a third color	create a watercolor/thin ned tempera wash. Paint lines and fill in shapes with even color using tempera	to wet areas to blend color (wet-on-wet technique) Using tempera paints, add color to white to create a tint Using tempera paints, add black to a color create a shade	Apply layers of watercolor paint from lightest to darkest colors Using tempera paints, produce a sharp, clear edge between areas of colors	brush strokes to create a smooth and even area of color	create various textures	and shades by mixing pigments	paints to create different hues Mix tempera/acrylic paints to create a range of 4 values and levels of intensity Apply paint to create a solid area of color with no visible brushstrokes, change in value or intensity Blend one color/value smoothly into another Demonstrate proper use and cleaning of brushes and palettes Use brushes of	paints to match observed hues Demonstrate the following watercolor techniques: continuous wash, graduated wash Apply watercolor to create simulated and invented textures Select and use appropriate size and brush type (e.g., natural, synthetic, flat, round, bright, small-large sizes)	expressively (hard edge, soft edge, painterly brush strokes) Demonstrate the following watercolor techniques: masking, wet on wet, dry brush, glaze, transparent layering, scratch, resist, lifting Mix watercolors to match observed hues	and techniques that demonstrate • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking • informed decision- making
National Standards		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	various sizes/types	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1

Show-Me	FA 1											
Standards												

1. Select and apply two-dimensional media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
C.	Grade K												
Digital/Computer	Not assessed at this level	create different types of lines using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	create different types of shapes using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	create a composition of lines and shapes using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	*General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	Create or modify an image using art software *Art software refers to a program such as Adobe Photoshop	create expressive/ symbolic art using art software *Art software refers to a program such as Adobe Photoshop	Select and apply digital/comput er media that demonstrate • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimenta tion and/or risk taking • informed decision-making *Art software refers to a program such as Adobe Photoshop					
National Standards							VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1

Show-Me		FA 1						
Standards								

1. Select and apply two-dimensional media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D	Grade												
D.	K												
	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Create a	Demonstrate	Create a fiber	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Select and
	a simple	a monoprint	paper	an additive	weaving using	a subtractive	a printmaking	a type of relief	a printmaking	a relief block	one	one	apply

technique (e.g., stamping, thumb or hand prints, objects) plain weave (over one, under one, alternating rows) plain weave (over one, under one, alternating rows) string, cardboard, glue, found objects) process (e.g., Styrofoam, linoleum, wood, eraser) to produce multiple images	block monoprint, collagraph, string print) Demonstrate the process used in one type of fiber arts (e.g., weaving, peading) block printmaking Demonstrate the process used in one type of fiber arts (e.g., weaving, jewelry- making, knotting, paper-making, batik, quilt, appliqué, book arts)	process using a variety of ink colors Create a simple fiber artwork (e.g., weaving, jewelry-making, batik. quilt, appliqué, book arts) book arts) Create an artwork usi a fiber arts process (e.g. weaving, paper-making, book arts, quilting, appliqué, basketry, knotting, batik).	process (e.g., monoprint, collagraph, stamp, reduction relief block, lithograph, etching, serigraph	printmaking process that require registering (e.g., reduction block, multiple block, serigraphy, etching) Create a titled, numbered, signed edition Create related fiber arts	printmaking media and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experiment ation and/or risk taking • informed decision- making Select and apply fiber media and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experiment ation and/or risk taking • informed decision- making
National VA 1 VA 1 VA 1 VA 1 VA 1 VA 1	/A 1 VA 1	VA 1 VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1

Show-Me	FA 1												
Standards													

2. Select and apply three-dimensional media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
	Grade												
A.	K												
	Uses	Use glue	Manipulate	Manipulate	Build or	Combine	Create a	Create an	Create a	Create a	Create a	Create a mixed	Select and apply
	scissors	with	paper to	paper to	layer	simple forms	relief	in-the-	three-	sculpture by	sculpture	media sculpture	sculpture media

	Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create a sphere	Fold paper and identify folded edge	create low relief (e.g., curling, folding, tearing, and cutting) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Roll coils:	create forms (inthe-round) Cut a symmetrical shape from a folded piece of paper	materials to create a relief Apply a variety of paper folding technique s	to create a complex object/form (in-the-round) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits	artwork by joining two or more surfaces (e.g., natural or manufactur ed clays, paper pulp, cardboard, found materials)	round artwork by joining two or more surfaces using a layering material (e.g., papier mache, paper, plastercraft , cardboard, fibers)	dimensional artwork using carving techniques. Possible media choices could include, but are not limited to: clay, wax, soap, plaster, wood, Styrofoam, commercially- produced carving blocks	layering and adhering material or objects (e.g., natural or manufacture d clays, paper, board, plastercraft, papier mache, assemblage)	using carving techniques. Possible media choices could include, but are not limited to: clay, wax, soap, plaster, Styrofoam, commercially -produced carving blocks)	using a variety of processes and techniques Create a functional ceramic piece on the potter's wheel Demonstrate production of a symmetrical	and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking • informed decision- making
Sculpture, Ceramics, Other Media		with clay or a similar material: Pinch, pull, and roll material	flatten material into a slab	Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create applied and impressed textures	Modeling with clay or a similar material; Make organic forms	Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil techniques			Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create a three-dimensional artwork demonstrating appropriate joining	Create ceramics using a hand- building process (e.g., pinch, coil, slab); joining techniques, and a uniform thickness	Create ceramics combining hand-building processes (e.g., pinch, coil, and/or slab), joining techniques and uniform thickness throughout product Demonstrate consistent glaze application	form (e.g., cylinder, bowl, or cup) Demonstrate use of an alternative decorative finish (e.g., sgraffito, slip painting, incising, or Mishima)	Select and apply ceramics media (e.g., clay body, decorative finish) and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking • informed decisionmaking

National	VA 1												
Standards													
Show-Me	FA 1												
Standards													

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
	Grade												
A.	K												
	Portrait:	Portrait:	Still Life:	Figure:	Portrait:	Portrait:	Create original	Create original	Create original	Create original	Communicate	Combine	Select subject
							artwork using	artwork using	artwork using	artworks using	ideas through	subject matter	matter to

Subject Matter:	Fine Art	Create an original picture of self or other person Landscape: Create a picture showing outside Non-Objective: Create a design using lines	Create an original artwork showing family members Still Life: Create a still life with one object (e.g., toy, food, game, sports equipment, backpack, lunchbox)	Create an original still life from observation Landscape: Create an original landscape	Create an original artwork of a figure in an action pose Landscape: Create an original cityscape Non-Objective: Create an original artwork using line, shape and color	Create facial features in correct proportion Exaggerate, distort, or simplify features to create an abstract portrait Still Life: Exaggerate, distort, or simplify observed objects to create an abstract still life Landscape: Create an original seascape	Create a portrait from observation Still Life: Create a still life from observation that shows the illusion of form Landscape: Create an original outdoor scene to show the illusion of space	the following subjects: • realistic portrait • abstract portrait	the following subjects: • human figure • still life from observation	the following subject: • realistic landscape • abstract landscape	the following as subject matter: • portrait • still life • landscape • non-objective • architecture	the creation of a: • portrait • still life • landscape • non- objective • architecture	in original artworks to communicate ideas (e.g., figure and/or architecture in a landscape)	communicate personal ideas through a series of original, related works
	tional Indards	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
Sho	ow-Me andards	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
	Not assessed	Design	Design a	Create a	Create an	Create an	Illustrate text	Not assessed	Create an	Create a	Create an	Create an	Create a series
		wearable art	building that	container (e.g.,	example of	original		at this grade	original	functional	original	original	of original,

		at this level	(e.g., masks,	serves a	paper box, clay	graphic art	building based		level	functional	artwork based	functional	functional	related,
			jewelry, paper	function in the	pot, fiber	(e.g., poster,	upon elements			object	upon a cultural	artwork that	artwork that	functional
			hats,	community	basket)	illustration,	of				example	expresses a	communicates	artworks that
3	rter: Art		decorating tee	and includes		advertisement,	architectural					culture	a personal idea	communicates
1	¥ 4		shirts,	building parts		greeting card)	styles (e.g.,							a personal idea
Ì	Subject Matter Functional Art		costumes, face	(e.g., roof,			type of roof,							
ţ	i i		painting)	walls, door,			dome, column,							
				windows,			arch, windows,							
j	ת ב			surface			porches,							
				material)			tower, stairs,							
							ramp)							
	National Standards		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
	Show-Me Standards		FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1		FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
C.	Grade												
	K												
	Create original artwork that	Create original artwork that	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create an original artwork	Create original artwork that	Create an original artwork	Create original artwork that	Develop a theme through a series
	communicates	communicates	that	that	that	that	that	that	that	communicates	that	communicates	of original
	ideas about the following	ideas about the following	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	communicates ideas about the	ideas through themes (e.g.,	communicates ideas through	ideas through themes (e.g.,	artworks that communicates
	• People (e.g.,	themes: • People (e.g.,	following themes:	following themes:	following themes:	following themes:	following themes:	following themes:	following themes:	identity, power, time, nature, illusion)	the following themes (e.g., cultural identity,	national identity, spirituality, vision, progress,	personal ideasAddresses
Theme	self, family, friends) • Indoors (e.g., classroom, kitchen, bedroom)	self, family, friends) • Animals (e.g., pets, farm, zoo, wild) • Things (e.g.,	Nature Places (e.g., school, home, stores, neighborhood, countryside)	Community Group identity (e.g., family, classroom, groups, scouts, sports	Missouri The Environment Time (e.g., past, present, future)	 United States Patriotism World Time (e.g., past, present, future) 	Functions of Art in Culture (e.g., celebrate rites of passage, teach history	Group Identity Nature	Environment Time (e.g., past, present, future)		social commentary, ceremony/ritual, myth/legend, reflection/	human condition, narrative)	complex visual and/or conceptual ideas Shows imaginative, inventive
	• Outdoors (e.g., seasons, nature)	toys, tools, food)		teams)			and/or religion, decorate useful objects) • Personal Identity				transparency)		approach, experimentati on, risk taking, sensitivity and/or subtlety
National Standards	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
Show-Me Standards	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
_	Grade												
Α.	K												
	Identify and use lines	Identify and use straight, curved, thick,	Identify and use zigzag, dotted, and	Identify and use horizontal, vertical, and	Identify and use outlines	Identify and use contour lines	Identify and use converging lines	Identify and use rhythmic lines	Identify and use varied line quality	Identify and use weighted contour,	Identify and use hatching, crosshatching,	Identify and use gesture lines and	Use line expressively to communicate
		and thin lines	wavy lines	diagonal lines			Identify and			parallel, and perpendicular lines	stippling, and calligraphic lines	implied lines	ideas
Line							use contour lines to define a complex object						
National Standards	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
	Identify and use shapes	Identify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle	Identify and use geometric shapes	Differentiate between shapes and forms	Identify and use organic (freeform)	Identify and use symbolic shapes	Identify and use complex shapes such as people,	Identify and use rhythmic shapes	Identify and use varied shapes	Differentiate between and use geometric and	Identify and use complex shapes	Identify and use implied shapes	Use shapes expressively to communicate
se	Categorize shapes as large and small	and oval shapes			shapes		animals, vehicles			organic (freeform) shapes			ideas
Shapes		Categorize shapes as small, medium, and large											
National Standards	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
	Grade												
C.	K												
Form	Not assessed at this level	Identify and use form	Identify and use geometric forms: sphere, cube, cylinder, and cone	Identify and demonstrate sculpture-in-the-round	Identify and demonstrate relief sculpture Identify and use organic form	Identify and use the illusion of form: cube, sphere, cylinder, and cone	Not assessed at this grade level	Differentiate between and demonstrate high and low relief	Identify and use a range of values to create the illusion of form	Identify and use high and low relief Identify and use illusion of form: sphere, cube, cone, and cylinder	Identify and use form inthe-round Identify and demonstrate the illusion of complex form in a two-dimensional artwork	Identify and create complex form in-the-round Identify and demonstrate the illusion of transparent and reflective forms in two-dimensional artwork	Use forms expressively to communicate ideas
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D.	Grade												
D.	K												
	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and use texture	Identify and use actual texture	Identify and use invented textures	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and use implied or simulated textures	Identify and use real/actual texture	Identify and use implied or simulated texture	Identify and use invented texture	Identify and use real, invented and simulated	Identify and create simulated textures from	Contrast textures within the same artwork	Use textures expressively to communicate ideas
Texture						textures		texture		textures	observation	same artwork	lueas
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
_	Grade												
E.	K												
Color	Identify and use color	Identify and use primary colors	Identify and use secondary colors	Identify and use warm and cool colors	Identify and use tints and shades	Identify and use intermediate and neutral colors	Identify and use monochromati c colors	Identify and use analogous colors	Identify and use complementar y colors	Identify and use color theory including color value, and color schemes (analogous, monochromati c, and	Identify and use color theory including color intensity and split-complementar y color scheme	Identify and use arbitrary color and symbolic color	Use color expressively to communicate ideas
National	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	arrangement of colors on a color wheel	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	complementar y)	Identify and use local color	VA 2	VA 2
Standards													
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
F.	Grade												
••	K												
Value	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and use value	Identify and use light and dark values	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and demonstrate a value scale	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and demonstrate color value (tints and shades)	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and use a range of values	Identify and use a range of values to create the illusion of simple forms (including	Identify and use a range of values to create the illusion of complex forms	Identify and use a range of values to create the illusion of form through observation of	Use value expressively to communicate ideas
							Identify and demonstrate a value scale			highlights and cast shadows)		transparent and reflective objects	
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2		VA 2		VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards		FA 2	FA 2		FA 2		FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
	Grade												
G.	K												
Space	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and demonstrate the use of space	Identify and use foreground and background to create illusion of space	Identify and use middle ground, overlapping, and change of size to create illusion of space	Identify and use placement and change in detail to create illusion of space Identify and use positive and negative space	Identify and use converging lines to create the illusion of space Identify and use a single horizon line	Identify and use positive and negative shapes in two-dimensional work	Identify and use positive and negative forms in three-dimensional work	Identify and use one-point linear perspective to create the illusion of space	Identify and use positive and negative space in two-dimensional work Identify and use perspective techniques to create the illusion of space (one-point linear perspective, overlapping, and change of size, detail, placement, value contrast)	Identify and use positive and negative space in three-dimensional work Identify and use perspective techniques to create the illusion of space (two-point linear perspective, overlapping, and change of size, detail, placement, value, contrast,	Design negative and positive space from all viewpoints in three- dimensional work From observation, identify and use appropriate perspective techniques to create the illusion of space	Use space expressively to communicate ideas
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	color)	VA 2	VA 2

Sho	ow-Me	FA 2											
	andards												

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
A.	Grade K												
	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Differentiate	Use elements	Use balance to	Use balance					
	at this level	demonstrate	at this level	use	use radial	use	use	use radial	use	among and use	to create	support the	expressively
		the concept of		symmetrical	balance	asymmetrical	symmetrical	balance	asymmetrical	symmetrical	compositional	communicatio	
		middle or		(formal)		(informal)	(formal)		(informal)	(formal),	balance	n of an idea	
		center		balance		balance	balance		balance	asymmetrical			
Se										(informal), and			
Balance										radial balance			
Ä													
National		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Standard s													
3													
Show-Me		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2
Standard s													
3													

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
Emphasis c	Not assessed at this level	Not assessed at this level	Not assessed at this level	Not assessed at this level	Identify and create center of interest (focal point)	Not assessed at this level	Not assessed at this level	Identify and use center of interest (focal point)	Not assessed at this level	Identify and create emphasis (focal point) through contrast and convergence	Identify and use emphasis (focal point) through isolation and location	Use emphasis to support the communicatio n of an idea	Use emphasis expressively
tional andards					VA 2			VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
ow-Me ndards					FA 2			FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
C.	Grade												
C.	K												
	Not assessed at this level	Not assessed at this level	Identify and use color	Identify and use size	Identify and use value	Identify and use texture	Identify and use shape,		Identify and use color and	Identify and use variation	Identify and vary elements	Use contrast to support the	Use contrast expressively
			contrast	contrast	contrast	contrast	line, and size contrast		value contrast	within a single element to create contrast (e.g.,	in the same work to create contrast (e.g., different	n of an idea	
Contrast										different values),	values and different		
J										asymmetrical (informal), and radial balance	textures)		
National Standards			VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards			FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D.	Grade												
D.	K												
	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use rhythm to	Use rhythm
	use a pattern	create an	create a	at this level	at this level	at this level	at this level	use regular	use	use elements	use elements	support the	expressively
	by repeating a	alternating	complex					rhythm	progressive	to create	to create	communicatio	
r c	single shape,	pattern (abab)	pattern						rhythm	regular	progressive	n of an idea	
Rhythm/Repetition	line, or color									rhythm	rhythm		
National Standards	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2					VA 2	VA 2				
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2					FA 2	FA 2				

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
E.	Grade												
E.	K												
	Not assessed at this level	Explain how elements and	Identify and create unity	Use unity to support the	Use unity to support the								
										principles create unity in	through elements and	communicatio n of an idea	personal expression of
Unity										artworks	principles		an idea
National Standards										VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards										FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Grade												

F.	K												
Proportion	Not assessed at this level	Identify realistic facial proportions	Identify and use relative size (realistic scale)	Create facial features in realistic proportion	Not assessed at this level	Identify and use appropriate scale relationship	Identify and use realistic facial proportions	Identify and use realistic figure proportions	Identify and use foreshortened figure proportions	Use facial and/or figure proportions expressively			
National Standards Show-Me Standards					VA 2	VA 2			VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2

STRAND III: Artistic Perceptions (AP)

1. Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Α	Grade												
Α.	K												
	Not assessed	Discuss a response	Explain different	Compare different	Discuss and develop	Discuss and develop	Discuss how different	Discuss and develop	Discuss how people might	Discuss personal	Discuss how perceptions in	Discuss how people from	Discuss the evolution of

National Standards	at this level	(feeling or idea) to an artwork based upon the student's life experience	responses you have to different artworks	responses students may have to the same artwork	answers to questions about art, such as: • What is art? • What is beauty?	answers to questions about art, such as: Who decides what makes an artwork special, valuable or good?	cultures have different concepts of beauty Explain how responses (feelings or ideas) to artworks from various cultures are based on both personal experience and group beliefs	answers to questions about art: • What is art? • Should art look real? • Should art be beautiful? • Should art look real? Compare and contrast responses of class members to realistic, abstract, and non-objective artworks	respond differently to specific American artworks based upon their sub group (e.g., race, gender, attitude toward the environment, business, immigrant group, age, religion, economic status, or level of education)	Define aesthetics as the branch of philosophy that deals with the nature and value of art Discuss and develop answers to questions about art, such as: What is art? Why do responses vary? Who decides what makes an artwork special, valuable or good? VA 3	art reflect community and/or culture beliefs and values Compare how responses to works of art differ based on whether the viewer is a member of the culture in which the art was created	different groups might respond to artworks that express themes (e.g., national identity, spirituality, vision, progress, and human condition)	personal beliefs about the nature of art Discuss how personal and cultural beliefs influence the interpretation of the meaning, message, or value of a work of art
Show-Me		FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3
Standards													

STRAND III: Artistic Perceptions (AP)

2. Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary

		Grade	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
^	Grad	1											
Α.	e K												
	Identify	Identify	Identify the	Identify the	Describe the	Describe the	Identify the	Describe the	Describe artwork	With one artwork:	Compare and	Compare and contrast	Use the following
	the	the	following in	following in	use of the	use of the	type of artwork	artwork and			contrast two	student artwork with	process with a body

	subject of	following	artworks:	artworks:	following in	following in	(e.g., painting,	subject matter	in detail		artworks:	professional artworks	of work (portfolio)
	artworks	in			artworks:	artworks:	drawing, print,					or masterpieces:	
		artworks:	Geometric	Warm and			sculpture)			describe artwork;			
			shapes,	Cool Colors,	Outlines,	Contour lines,		Daniella.	A 1 1		deservite en este condi		Daniella antonia
		Lines,		6	0	Construction		Describe	Analyze the use of		describe artwork	december and	Describe artwork
		Characa	Geometric	Symmetrical	Organic	Symbolic	Ideatif d	elements (line,	elements and	analyza the use of		describe artwork	
		Shapes,	forms,	Balance,	shapes,	shapes,	Identify and	form, shape,	principles used in	analyze the use of			
		Colors	Foreground	Invented	Organia	Illusion of	explain	color, value,	artworks	elements and	analyze the use of		Analyze the use o
		Colors,	Foreground	Invented	Organic	Illusion of	symbolism or	texture, space)		principles in the	elements and	Analyze the use of	elements and
		Patterns	and	textures,	forms,	form,	message	and principles		work;	principles in the	elements and	principles in the
		i atterns	background	Horizontal,	Tints and	Implied/	communicated	(balance,	Interpret the		work	principles in the work	work
			,	Tiorizontai,	shades,	impliedy	in an artwork	emphasis,	meaning of work		WOIK	principles in the work	WOIK
			Real	Diagonal,	silaues,	simulated		contrast, rhythm)	meaning of work	Interpret the			
				and vertical	Values,	textures,		as they are used	Judge the work	meaning of the			
			textures,	lines,	values,	textures,	Match the	in artworks	from each	work (subject,	Interpret the	Interpret the meaning	Interpret the
			Contrast/	illies,	Positive and	Intermediate	Match the		aesthetic theory:	theme,	meaning of the	of the work (subject,	meaning of the
			variety of	Contrast/	negative	and Neutral	artwork with an		destrictic tricory.	symbolism,	work (subject,	theme, symbolism,	work (subject,
			colors	variety of	space,	colors,	aesthetic	toto contillo	Showing a real or	message	theme, symbolism,	message	theme, symbolism
			COIOIS	sizes	space,	C01013,	theory:	Interpret the	idealized image of	_	message	communicated)	message
				31203	Radial	Asymmetrical	Showing a real	subject and	life	communicated);	communicated)	communicatedy	communicated)
					balance,	.,	_	theme,			communicatedy	Judge the work from	communicatedy
					,	Balance,	or idealized	supporting them	(Imitationalism;		Judge the work	various perspectives	
					Center of		image of life	with the artist's	Expressing	Judge the work	from various		
					interest/focal	Contrast	(Imitationalism)	use of elements	feelings	from various	perspectives		Showing a real or
Art Criticism					-	/variety of	,	and principles	(Emotionalism/	perspectives:	parapasantes		idealized image of
Ċis					Point,	textures,	Expressing		Expressionism);	perspectivesi		Showing a real or	life (Imitationalism
臣							feelings		Expressionising,	Showing a real or		idealized image of life	
S					Contrast/	Perspective:	(Emotionalism/	Select an	Emphasis on	idealized image of	Showing a real or	(Imitationalism)	Expressing feeling
A					variety of	change in size,	Expressionism);	aesthetic theory	elements and	life	idealized image of		(Emotionalism/
					values,		Expressionism),	and explain why it	principles	(Imitationalism);	life (Imitationalism)	Expressing feelings	Expressionism)
						Point of view	Emphasis on	best fits the	(Formalism);	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(Emotionalism/	
					Complex		elements and	artwork:	(i orinalishi),	Expressing	Expressing feelings	Expressionism)	Emphasis on
					patterns,		principles	artwork.	Serving a purpose	feelings	(Emotionalism/		elements and
							(Formalism);	Showing a real or	in the society or	(Emotionalism/	Expressionism)	Emphasis on elements	principles
					Facial		(i orinialishi),	idealized image of	culture	Expressionism);		and principles	(Formalism)
							Serving a	life	(Functionalism)	, , ,	Emphasis on	(Formalism)	
					proportions		purpose in the	(Imitationalism);	(runetionalism)	Emphasis on	elements and		Serving a purpos
							society or	(IIIIItationalisiii),		elements and	principles	Serving a purpose in	in the society or
							culture	Expressing		principles	(Formalism)	the society or culture	culture
							(Functionalism)	feelings		(Formalism);		(Functionalism)	(Functionalism)
							(, anctionalism)	(Emotionalism/			Serving a purpose		
								Expressionism);		Serving a purpose	in the society or		
								Expressionising,		in the society or	culture		
								Emphasis on		culture	(Functionalism)		
								elements and		(Functionalism)			
			1	1	1	Ī	1	Cicincino ana	1	1	1	1	1
								principles					

Serving a purpose in the society or

| National
Standards | VA 3 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Show-Me
Standards | FA 3 |

STRAND IV: Interdisciplinary Connections (IC)

1. Explain connections between visual art and performing arts

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Α.	Grade K												
	Use physical	Relate	Compare	Compare the	Explain how a	Compare a	Compare and	Explain how	Compare and	Connect	Connect the	Use theatre	Select and
	movement in	costumes in	patterns in	art and music	play or skit	work of art to	contrast music	art is used in	contrast	meanings of	characteristics	techniques to	present music
Ŋ	dance to	theatre to	music to	of a particular	could be	a work of	and art from	designing sets	examples of	elements in art	of art and	present	that expresses
Arts	interpret line	clothing design	patterns in	culture	inspired by a	music	the same	in film,	American art	with terms in	music created	information in	personal
ည်	in artwork		artworks		work of art		culture	television, or	and music	music, theatre,	in the same	art (e.g., voice,	artwork
Ē					(e.g., painting			live theater		or dance	culture or time	stage	
- -					or statue)						period (e.g.,	presence,	
e L											Harlem	props, video,	
<u>Б</u>											Renaissance	script-writing,	
an											and jazz,	set)	
<u>le</u>											Native-		
/ist											American art		
8											and music,		
Ë											Asian art and		
Jec											music, Latino		
Connecting Visual and Performing											art and music)		
National	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6
standards					-	-	-	-	-				
Show-Me	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4
Standards													

STRAND IV: Interdisciplinary Connections (IC)

2. Explain the connections between Visual Art and Communication Arts, Math, Science or Social Studies

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Α.	Grade K												
	Explain how	Explain how	Explain the	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain the	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how
	stories can be	patterns in art	connection	the math	George Caleb	American	artworks	relationship	events and	historical	historical	historical	contemporary
t	told in pictures	are similar to	between	principle of	Bingham and	artists	reflect the	between	ideas in United	events and	events and	events and	events and
∢	and/or words	patterns in	American	symmetry is	Thomas Hart	expressed the	cultures in	illustration and	States history	social ideas are	social ideas are	social ideas are	social ideas are
Non		math.	Indian culture	used in art	Benton	idea of	which they	written text.	are	reflected in	reflected in	reflected in	reflected in
-			and art		reflected life in	patriotism	were created		communicated	artworks from	artworks from	artworks from	student
an					Missouri				through	selected	selected	selected	artworks
g Art and ubjects									artworks	cultures or	cultures or	cultures or	
										historical time	historical time	historical time	
Connecting										periods.	periods.	periods.	
Ö													
National	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6
standards													
Show-Me Standards	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4

STRAND V: Historical and Cultural Contexts (HC)

pare and contrast artworks from different historical time periods and/or cultures

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3
ìra		I	'			· ·					
e K		l									
ot sesse at this ade vel	Identify works of art from: • United States • Europe (Cave) • Asia	Identify works of art from: • United States • (Native American) • Egypt	Identify works of art from: • United States • Europe (Realistic) • Africa	Identify works of art from: • United States (Realistic: Missouri, Westward Expansion) • Europe (Abstract)	Identify works of art from: • United States (Painting, Architecture) • Europe (Painting, Architecture)	Identify works of art from: • Ancient Greece/Rome /Egypt Pre- Columbian Americas (e.g., Aztec, Inca, Maya) • Africa • Asia	Identify works of art from: • Europe (Real, Abstract, Non- Objective) • United States (Real, Abstract, Non- Objective)	• Identify works of art from United States (Native American, Painting, Sculpture, Architecture)	Identify artworks from the following: • Ancient Greece/Rome • Renaissance • Impressionism • Post- Impressionism • Pop Art • Op Art	Expressionism	Identify artworks from the following: • German Expressionism • Surrealism • Photorealism • Post-Modern
A 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4
. 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5 F
		'									

STRAND V: Historical and Cultural Contexts (HC)

pare and contrast artworks from different historical time periods and/or cultures

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	
ìra												
e K												
ot	Compare	Compare and	С									
sesse	and	contrast two	е									

nt this ade	contrast two	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:
rel	artworks on:	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time
	Subject matter	Media	Media	Media	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place
	Use of line, color, and shape	Use of line, color, shape,	Use of line, color, shape,	Use value and space	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Artist	Artist	Artist
	зпарс	and texture	and texture	Theme	Media	Theme	Theme	Theme	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter
		Theme Purpose of art	Theme	Purpose of art in culture	Use of elements	Characteristics	Characteristics	Characteristics	Theme	Theme	Theme
			Purpose of art in culture	Place	Theme	Cultural context	Cultural context	Material/ Technology	Characteristics	Characteristics	Characteristics
			Place		Purpose of art in culture			Ideas and beliefs of culture	Material/ Technology	Material/ Technology	Material/ Technology
					Use of materials and technology			Function of art	Ideas and beliefs of culture	Ideas and beliefs of culture	Ideas and beliefs of culture
								culture/society	Function of art in culture/society	Function of art in culture/society	Function of art in culture/society
	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4

| FA 5 F |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |